



# Robustness – the art of preparing for the unexpected

Version 091120



# The exceptional

- Data may have strange syntax or values
  - we apply common data-parsing techniques
- An unexpected signal arrives
  - we explicitly describe every conceivable transition
- No signal arrives
  - we guard our protocols with timers
- Security issues
  - authentication + logging + statistics
- Availability issues
  - self tests

# ICUcontroller: the exceptional

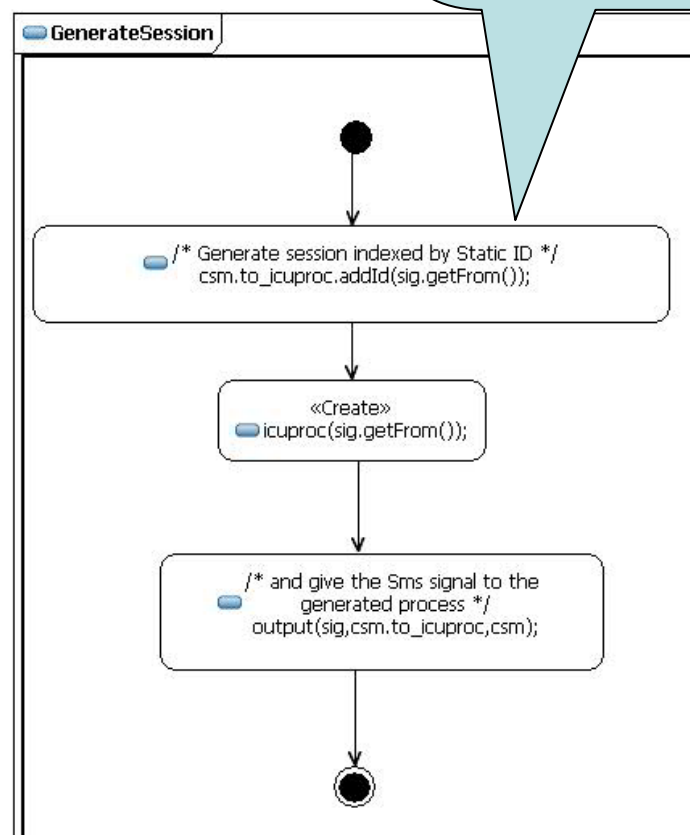
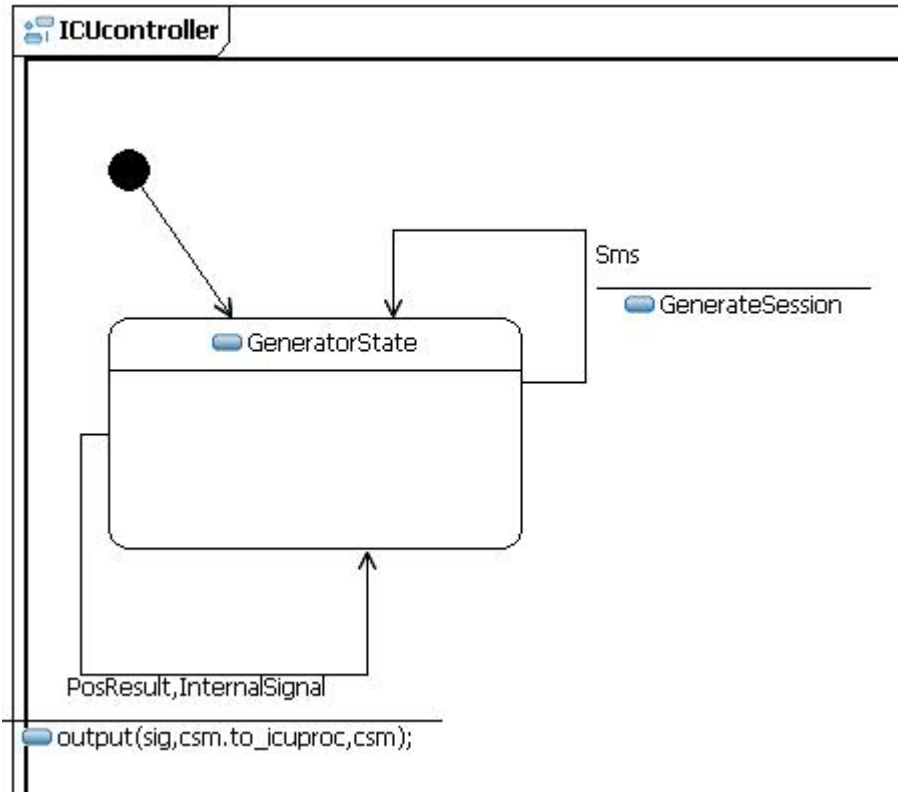
- Data may have strange syntax or values
  - checking for static id already in use
- An unexpected signal arrives
  - ICUcontroller handles Sms, PosResult and InternalSignal in all states
  - We are going to look at unexpected signals for ICUprocess
- No signal arrives
  - ICUcontroller does not have such waiting situations (?)
  - we shall guard our protocols/services with timers (ICUprocess)
- Security issues
  - authentication + logging + statistics
    - Authentication is not needed to enter ICUcontroller
    - we are going to check for registration in ICUprocess
- Availability issues
  - self tests
    - We could use ICUcontroller to test availability of PATS (but don't)
  - we will consider this with the Archive

# Handling an error or exceptional situation

- The invalid situation is due to an inadequate user input
  - then we know what caused it and the user should be notified
    - ICU: The user is notified by an SMS
- The invalid situation is due to an internal error
  - the reason is unclear, but the situation has become erroneous
  - The correct recovery may be hard to specify, but we believe that terminating the whole program is probably the last resort
    - ICU: different responses:
      - Try and send SMS to the user (if the appropriate user is known)
      - Dump the call stack on console (syserr) (very low level)
      - Terminate the session (and notify the session owner by an SMS)

# ICUcontroller's GenerateSession

Data invariant is that Static ID should not already be used



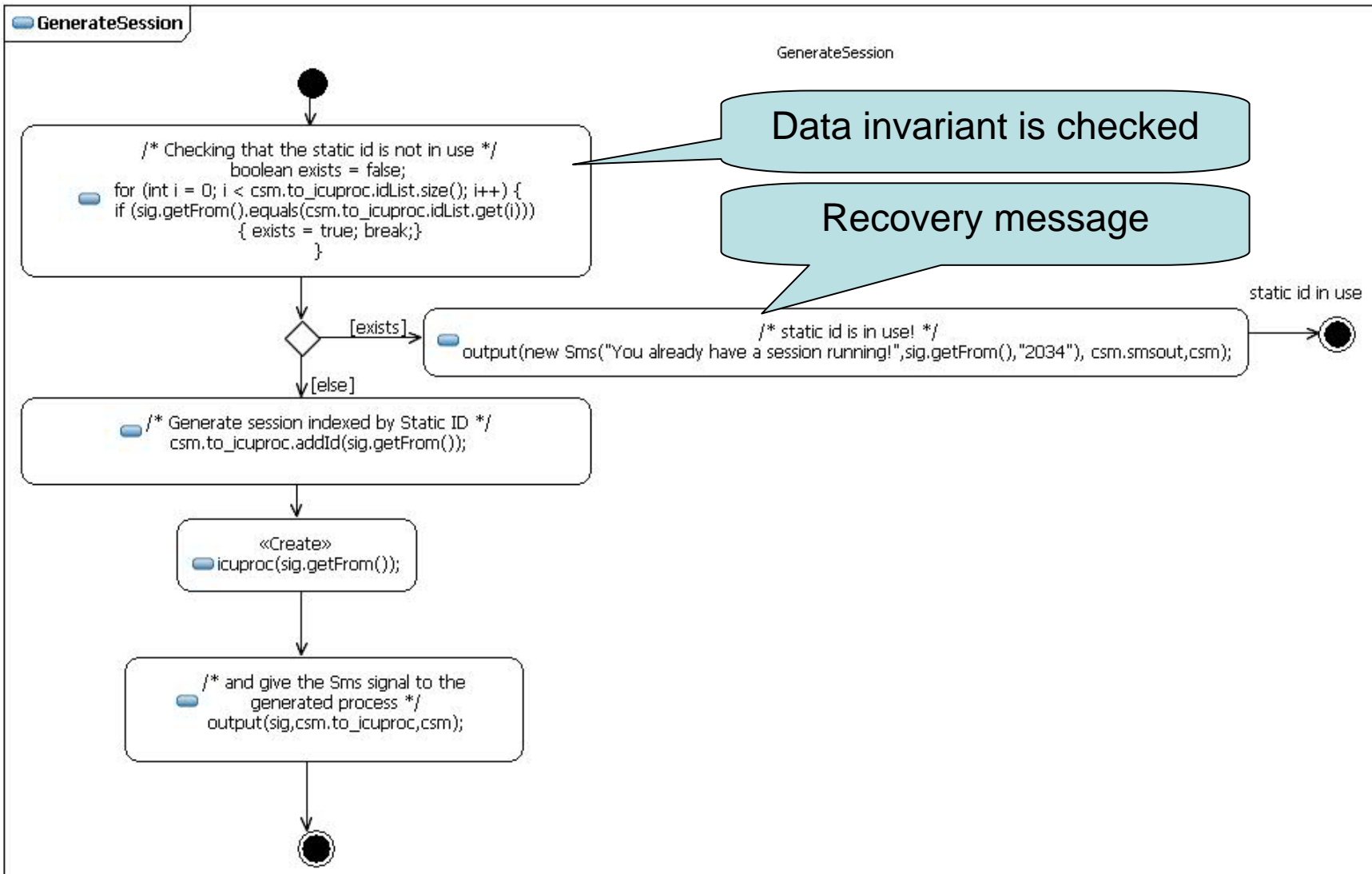
# Checking the data invariant

- Our task is to check whether STAT-ID is already the ID of another ICUprocess
- Here are the checking strategies:
  - checking directly the data of the routing port
    - simple, but on low (Java) level
  - sending a probe signal and wait for its possible consequences
    - more protocol needed, and possibly changing the forward() operation
    - if the normal response is that a timer must expire, this will be slow
  - recording which static ids are active (in the Archive)
    - lots of book-keeping, slower, overkill
- We go for the simple java-oriented solution this time

## Error recovery for the static id re-use

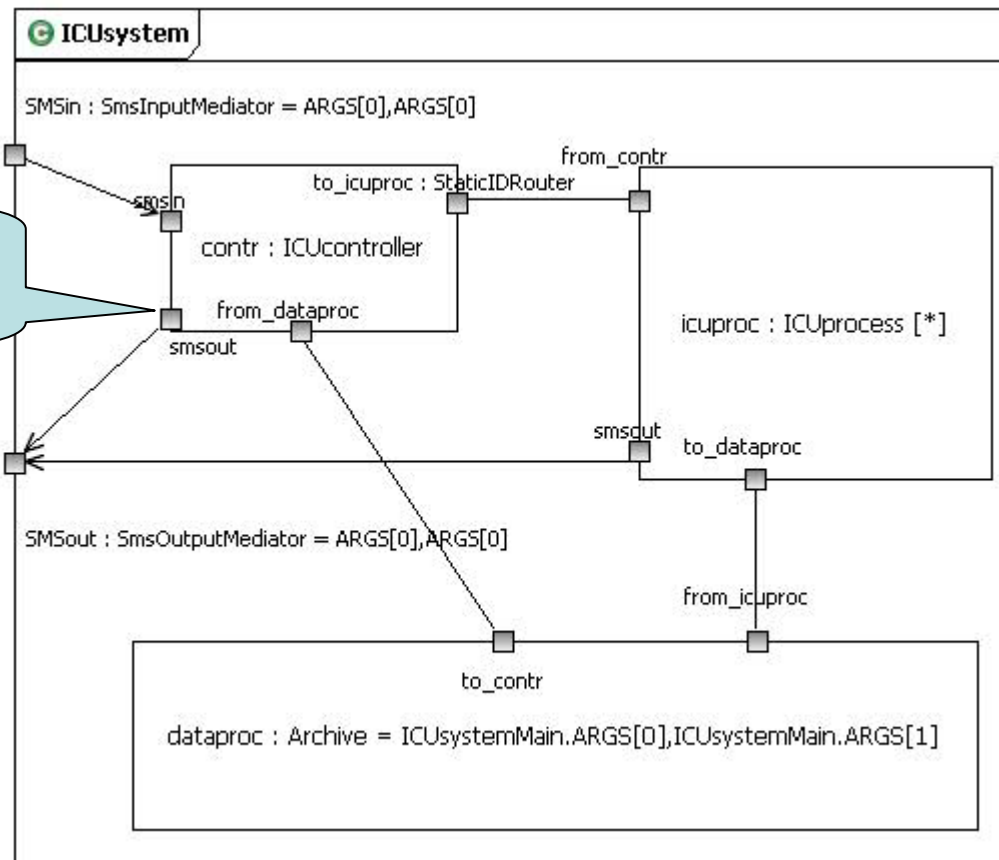
- The cause of the static id re-use is most probably because the user has sent two requests in quick sequence
- We should respond by returning an error message to the user
  - This will imply fixing the composite structure
- Move to a final state
  - in our service-oriented architecture, the service session is the natural unit of recovery, i.e. canceling the current service session is often the best approach

# The robust ICUcontroller's GenerateSession





# Modified Composite Structure



Port and Connector added

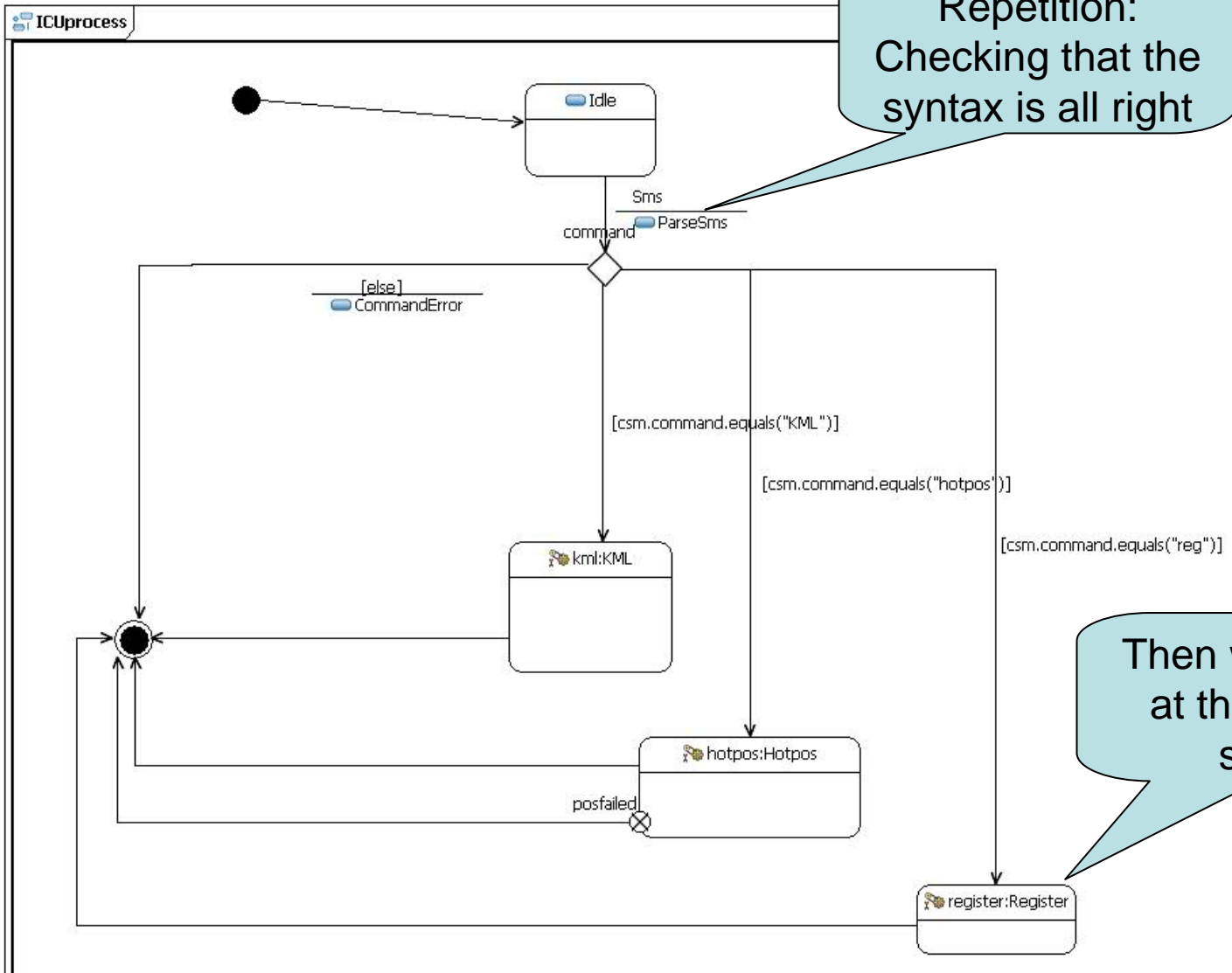
# ICUProcess: the exceptional

- Data may have strange syntax or values
  - Checking the correct syntax of the SMS
- An unexpected signal arrives
  - We are going to look at unexpected signals for ICUProcess
- No signal arrives
  - we shall guard our protocols/services with timers (ICUProcess)
- Security issues
  - authentication + logging + statistics
    - Authentication is not needed to enter ICUcontroller
    - we are going to check for registration in ICUProcess
- Availability issues
  - self tests
    - We could use ICUcontroller to test availability of PATS (but don't)
  - we will consider this with the Archive

## Explicit transitions please!

- Finite State Machines have a great advantage by being finite!
  - there is a finite set of transitions to execute
  - we can make sure to cover them all
- UML State Machines also define default transitions
  - where the signal is just discarded/consumed
  - We believe that default transitions are a warning of design flaw
- Not all signals can be properly handled at any time
  - We may defer a signal to a state where the signal can be dealt with

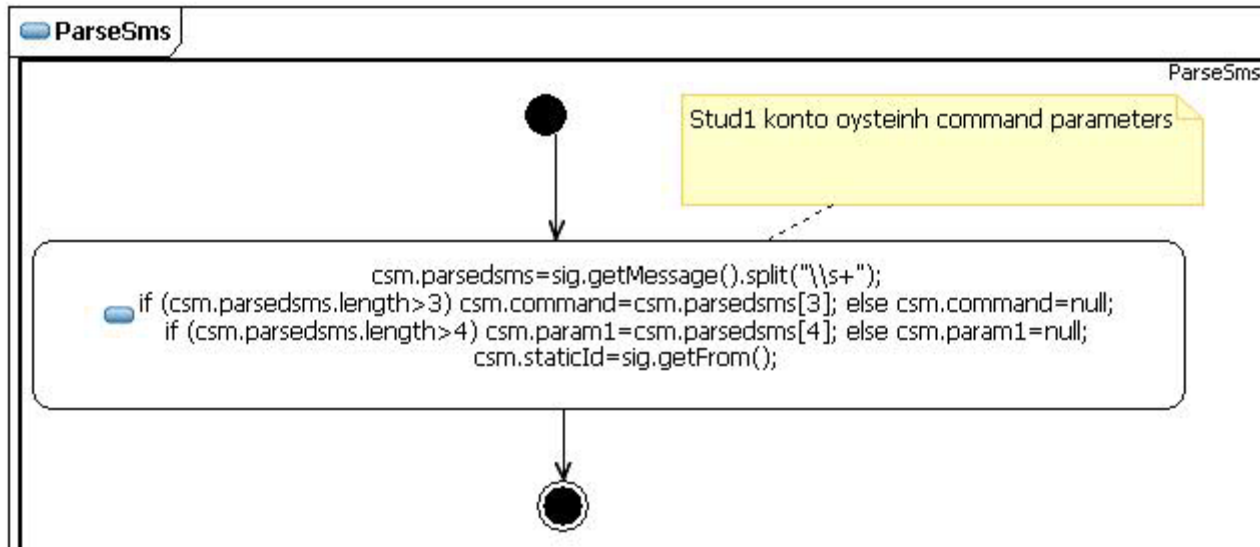
# ICUprocess (as of ICUA)



Repetition:  
Checking that the  
syntax is all right

Then we shall look  
at the individual  
services

# ParseSms

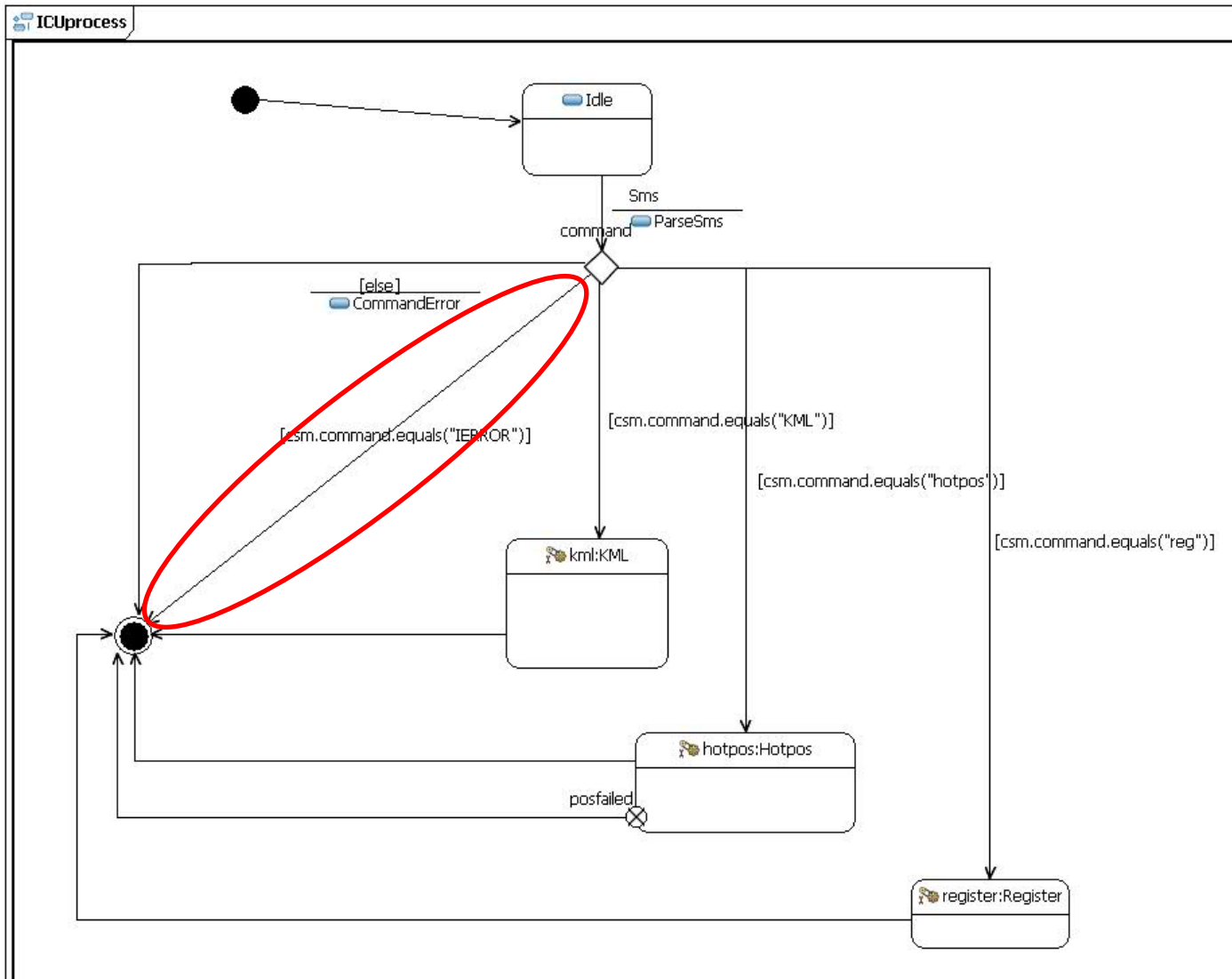


- If the Sms does not start with "Stud1 konto *username*" it will not come to the program at all
  - Still we may choose to check for it – due to running on FakePats
- If there are more than 1 parameter, there is also an error
  - at least for the set of services of ICU that we have up to now
- We should give user syntax error messages right away
  - and not hide it by letting command be null

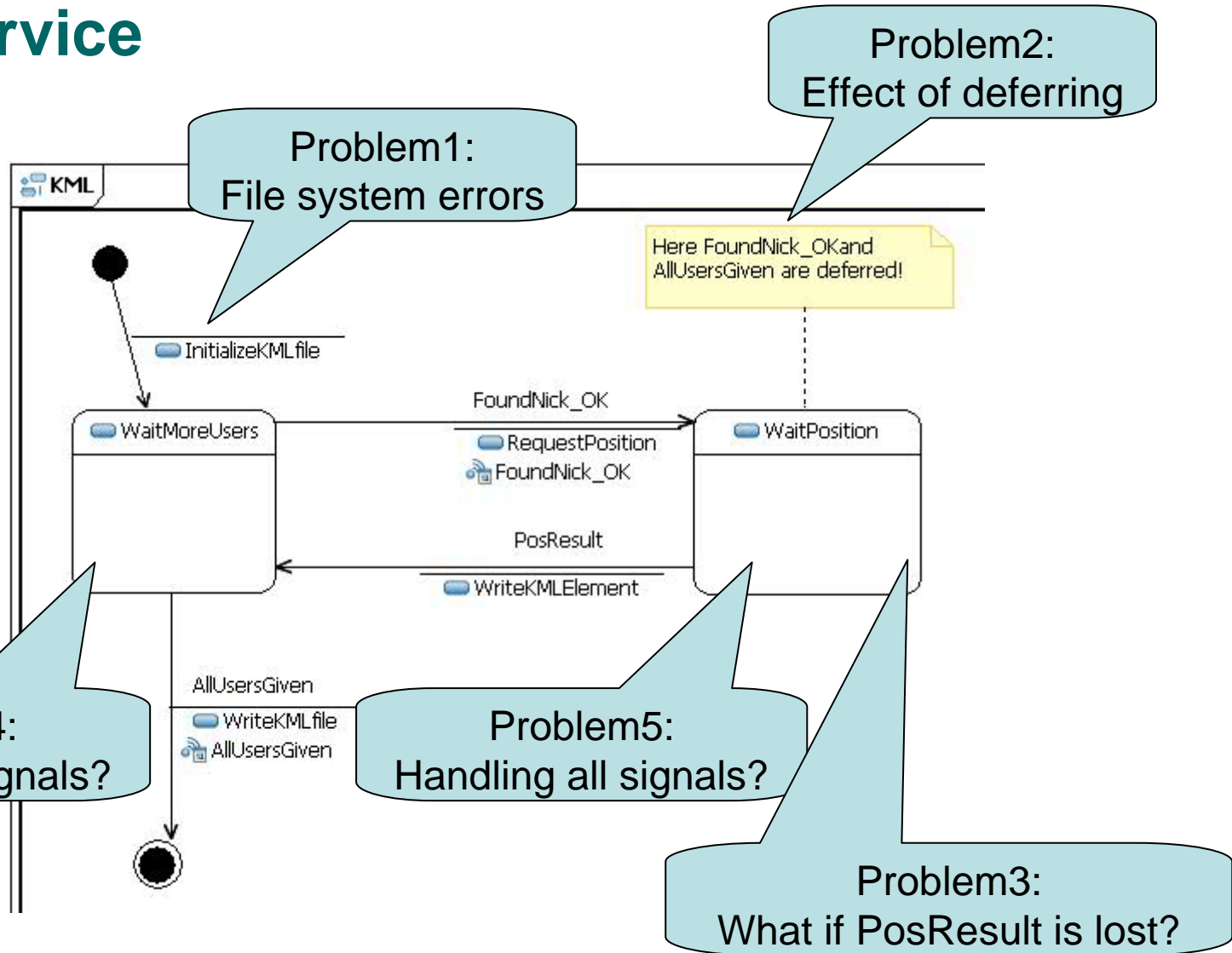
# ParseSms robustified (1)

- `csm.parsedsms=sig.getMessage().split("\\s+");`
- `/* check for existence of necessary prefix - very rudimentary */`
- `if (csm.parsedsms.length<=3)`
- `{ output(new Sms("ICU: Syntax error - no command",sig.getFrom(),"2034"), csm.smsout,csm);`
- `csm.command = "IERROR";`
- `}`
- `else`
- `{ csm.command=csm.parsedsms[3];`
- `/* check for only one parameter */`
- `if (csm.parsedsms.length>5)`
- `{ output(new Sms("ICU: Too many parameters!",sig.getFrom(),"2034"), csm.smsout,csm);`
- `csm.command = "IERROR";`
- `}`
- `else`
- `{ if (csm.parsedsms.length>4) csm.param1=csm.parsedsms[4]; else csm.param1=null;`
- `}`
- `}`
- `csm.staticId=sig.getFrom();`

# ParseSms robustified (2)



# KML service



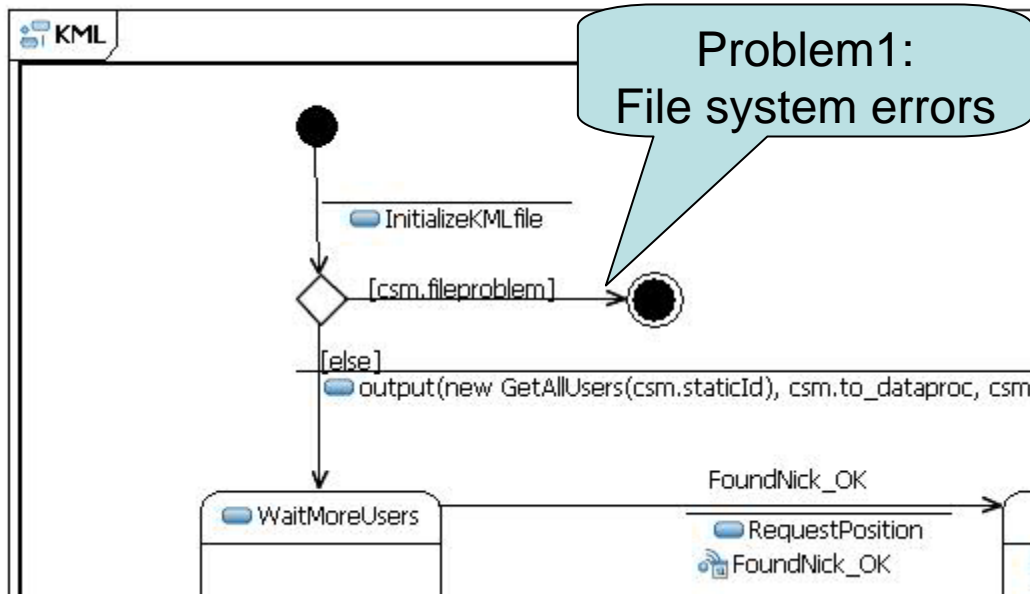




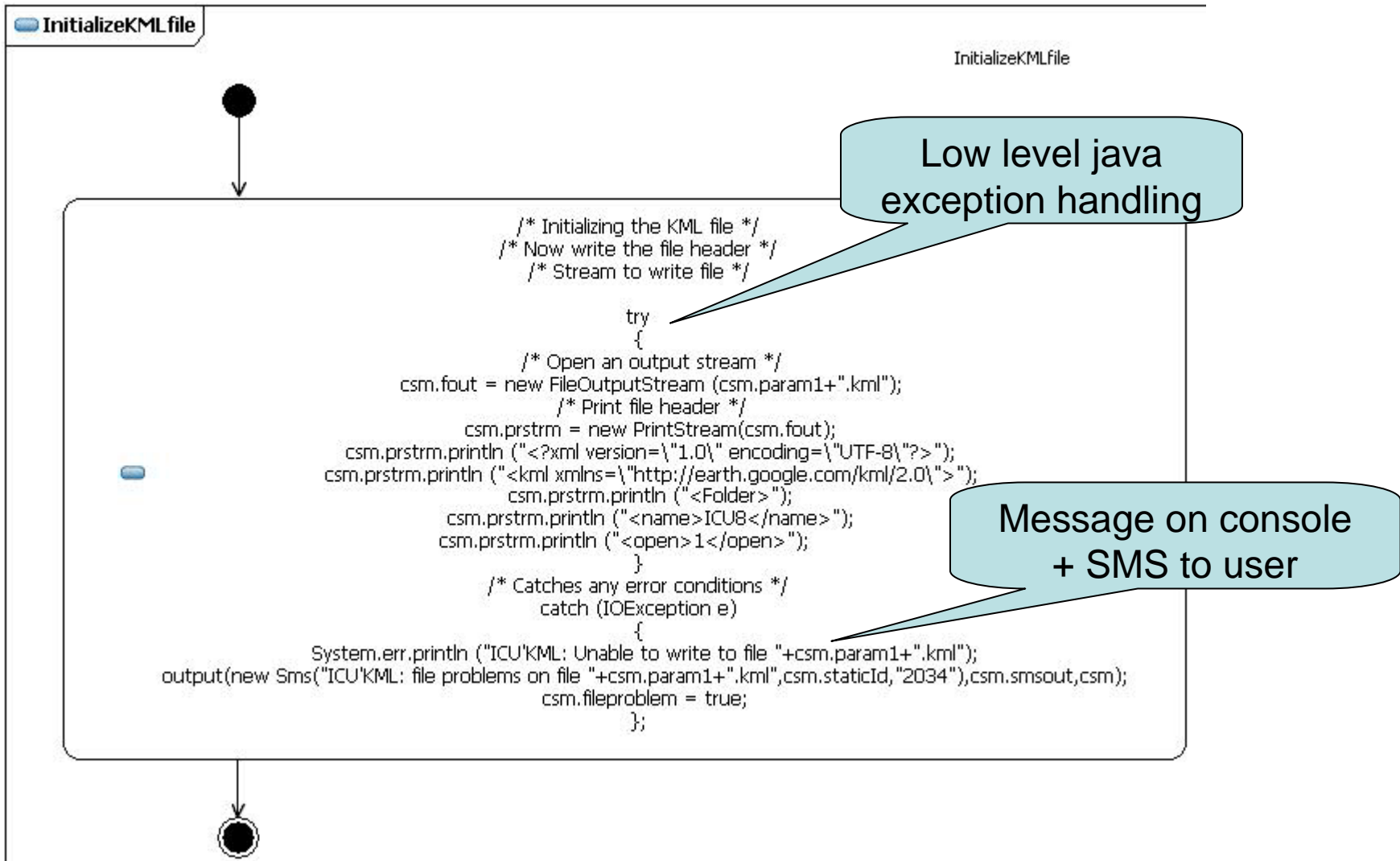
# KML problems (1)

- 1: File writing problems
  - currently error dumped on console, and proceed as if no problem has arisen
    - not adequate: if the initialization fails to write on the file, the session should terminate, and double messages given (to console and user)

# 1: File writing problems – New KML machine



# 1: File writing problems (2)



## KML problems (2)

- 2: The deferring of FoundNick\_OK is motivated by wanting to handle one positioning at the time
  - but the effect is the need to handle many *defers*
    - since the database produces users faster than PATS positions them
    - actually the *#defers* are in the order of  $\#users^2$
  - and decreased efficiency due to this defer-handling and since positioning requests may be done in parallel (possibly)
    - but in fact sending too many positioning requests very quickly seems to stress PATS such that sometimes requests are lost
  - The optimal solution may be to introduce a little more protocol to sequentialize such that the Archive is explicitly asked to give the next user
    - rather than giving all users in a stream of messages
    - ... but we keep to the *defer* solution – to show in detail how *defer* is



# JFTrace of the deferring KML

Filtered Trace from /127.0.0.1:54321 at 2007-04-29 23:48:08.759

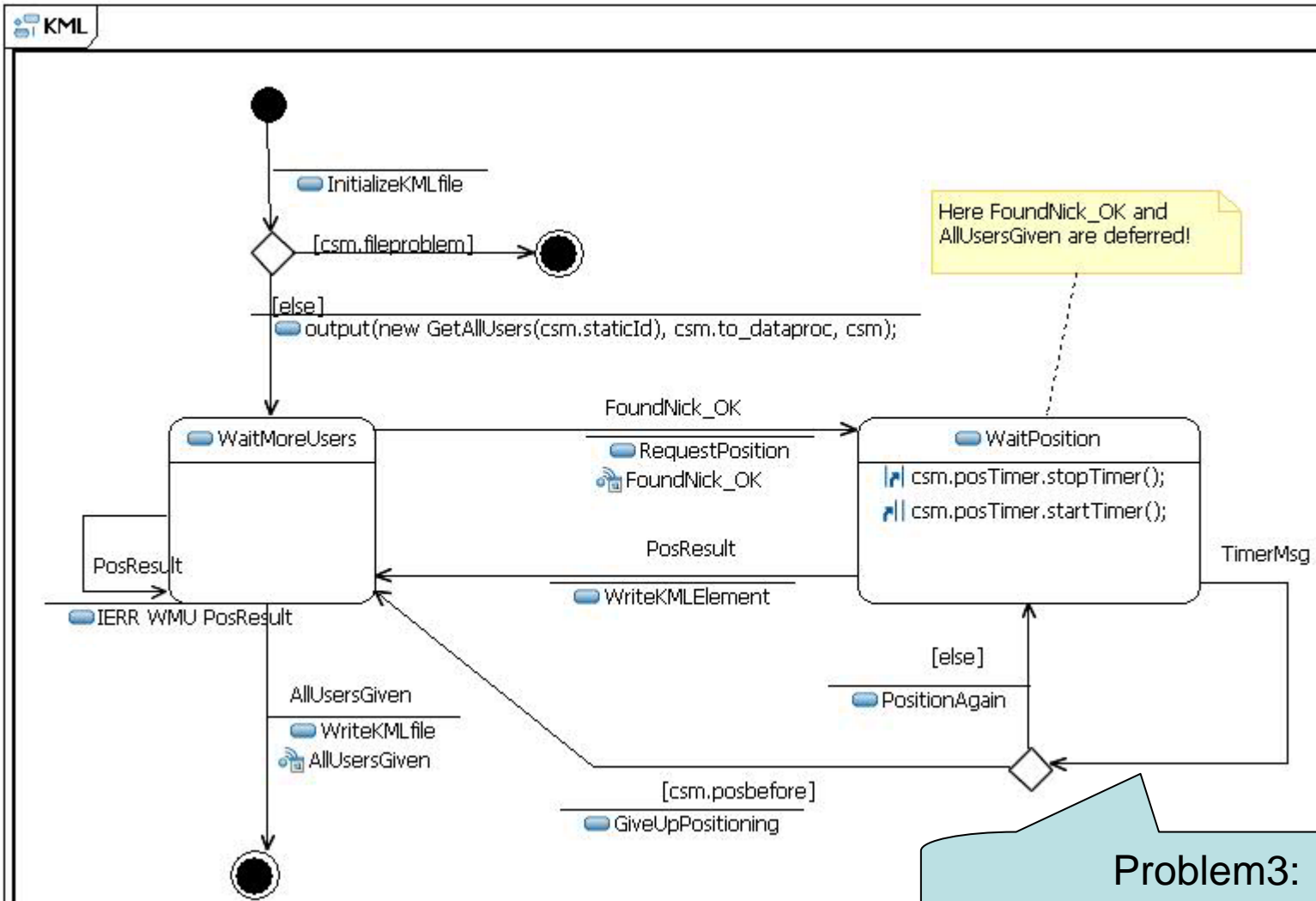
| Time  | State Machine                     | Current State     | Input  | Transition Behaviour  | Next State        |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|---|-------------------|
| 0     | New ICUsystem_Archive@4e224cb9    |                   |  |   |                   |
| 0     | New ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@40... |                   |  |   |                   |
| 1362  | ICUsystem_Archive@4e224cb9        | null              | StartMessage@4f430cb9                                  |   | Idle              |
| 3125  | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | null              | StartMessage@41278cb9                                  |   | GeneratorState    |
| 28541 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | Sms@3e18cba (Stud1 konto oystein KML,2034,91390900)    | New ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba<br>Output Sms@3e18cba (Stud1 konto oystein KML,2034,91390900)   | GeneratorState    |
| 28872 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | null              | StartMessage@1d884cba                                  |   | Idle              |
| 28872 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | Idle              | Sms@3e18cba (Stud1 konto oystein KML,2034,91390900)    | Output GetAllUsers@298accba (91390900)  | WaitMoreUsers*kml |
| 29032 | ICUsystem_Archive@4e224cb9        | Idle              |  | Output FoundNick_OK@2fc1ccba (No91390900, 91390900, 91390900)<br>Output FoundNick_OK@2e7c8cba (No66688899, 66688899, 91390900)<br>Output FoundNick_OK@3bad8cba (No09090909, 09090909, 91390900)<br>Output AllUsersGiven@3a474cba (91390900) | Idle              |
| 29112 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | FoundNick_OK@2fc1ccba (No91390900, 91390900, 91390900) | Output FoundNick_OK@2fc1ccba (No91390900, 91390900, 91390900)   | GeneratorState    |
| 29112 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | FoundNick_OK@2e7c8cba (No66688899, 66688899, 91390900) | Output FoundNick_OK@2e7c8cba (No66688899, 66688899, 91390900)   | GeneratorState    |
| 29523 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | FoundNick_OK@3bad8cba (No09090909, 09090909, 91390900) | Output FoundNick_OK@3bad8cba (No09090909, 09090909, 91390900)   | GeneratorState    |
| 30083 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | AllUsersGiven@3a474cba (91390900)                      | Output AllUsersGiven@3a474cba (91390900)  | GeneratorState    |
| 30134 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitMoreUsers*kml | FoundNick_OK@2fc1ccba (No91390900, 91390900, 91390900) | Output PosRequest@be80cb9   | WaitPosition*kml  |
| 30204 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | FoundNick_OK@2e7c8cba (No66688899, 66688899, 91390900) |   | Saved             |
| 30204 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | FoundNick_OK@3bad8cba (No09090909, 09090909, 91390900) |   | Saved             |
| 30204 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | AllUsersGiven@3a474cba (91390900)                      |   | Saved             |
| 32176 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | PosResult@31584cb9                                     | Output PosResult@31584cb9   | GeneratorState    |
| 32207 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | PosResult@31584cb9                                     |   | WaitMoreUsers*kml |
| 32397 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitMoreUsers*kml | FoundNick_OK@2e7c8cba (No66688899, 66688899, 91390900) | Output PosRequest@53838cb9  | WaitPosition*kml  |
| 32557 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | FoundNick_OK@3bad8cba (No09090909, 09090909, 91390900) |   | Saved             |
| 32637 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | AllUsersGiven@3a474cba (91390900)                      |   | Saved             |
| 34390 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | PosResult@54868cb9                                     | Output PosResult@54868cb9   | GeneratorState    |
| 34430 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | PosResult@54868cb9                                     |   | WaitMoreUsers*kml |
| 34670 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitMoreUsers*kml | FoundNick_OK@3bad8cba (No09090909, 09090909, 91390900) | Output PosRequest@6c4dcb9   | WaitPosition*kml  |
| 34750 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | AllUsersGiven@3a474cba (91390900)                      |   | Saved             |
| 35872 | ICUsystem_ICUcontroller@406f0cb9  | GeneratorState    | PosResult@78c88cb9                                     | Output PosResult@78c88cb9   | GeneratorState    |
| 35902 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitPosition*kml  | PosResult@78c88cb9                                     |   | WaitMoreUsers*kml |
| 35902 | ICUsystem_ICUprocess@1dadccba     | WaitMoreUsers*kml | AllUsersGiven@3a474cba (91390900)                      | Output Sms@6d174cb9 (null.kml:E0104541,N595627,91390900,2034)   | FinalState        |

INF 5150

## KML problems (3) – needing timers

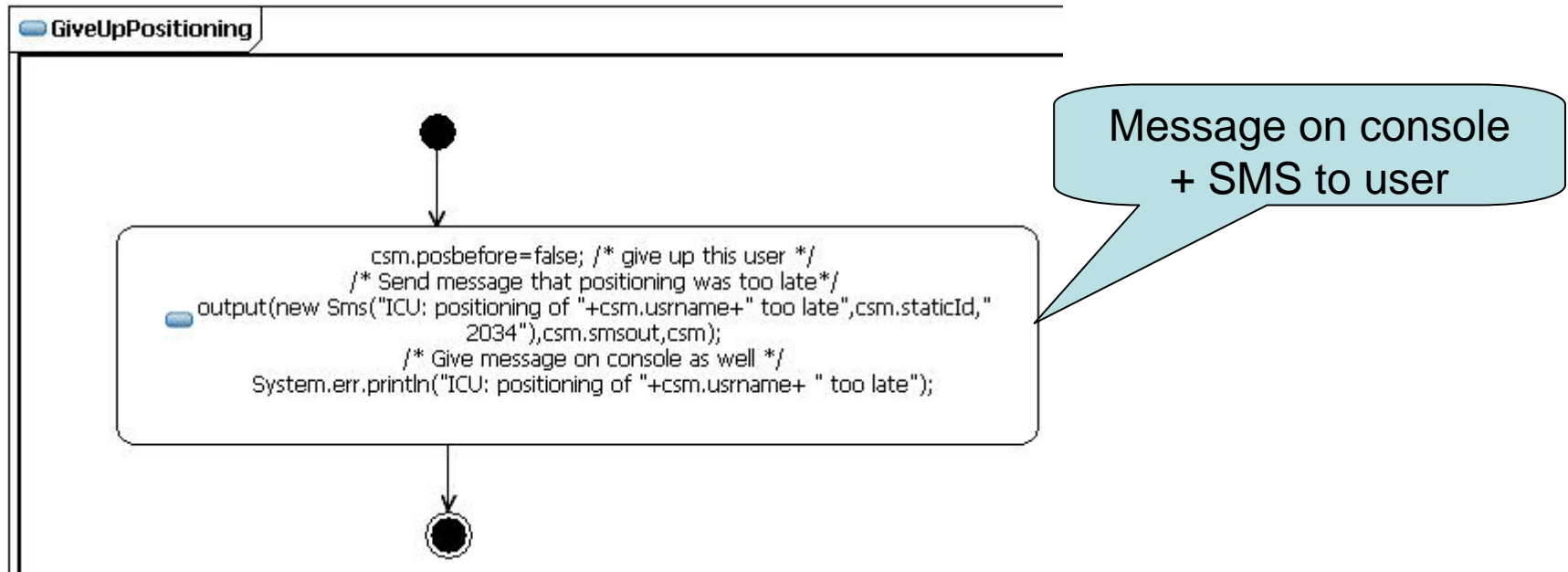
- 3: We have no guarantee that the PosRequest eventually results in a corresponding PosResult
  - We shall have to guard the PosResult by a timer
  - What then to do if the guarding timer expires?
    - Giving an SMS to the user for every non-positioned phone may be too many SMSes
      - and we could cut off after a small number of such messages (say 3)
        - and then give a more general error message and terminate KML session
    - We could try again to position the failed one (one retry)
  - What if the timer has expired, recovery has been done, and then the PosResult appears very late?
    - In our case this will have a cascading effect of PosResult appearing when it should not
      - this actually becomes rather tricky! (will be covered later)

# 3: Including the timer in KML



**Problem3:**  
What if PosResult is lost?

## 3: Giving up positioning after one re-try

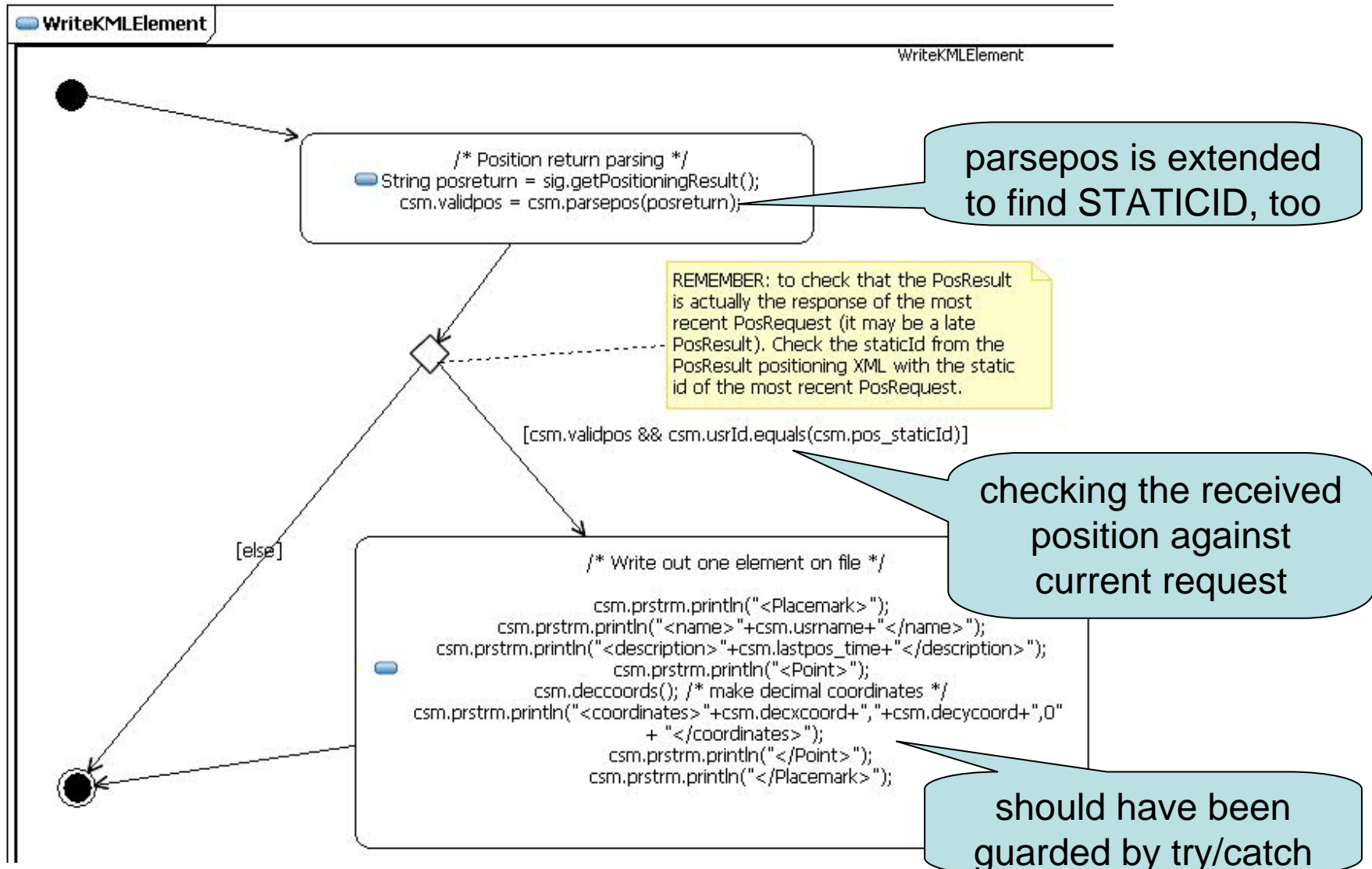




## Timer expires

- To give PATS one more chance with this user
  - we need to define a variable to control re-positioning
- Having given up we must still cope with the PosResult coming later
  - This is more tricky than meets the eye since
    - when positioning is given up there is normally several FoundNick\_OK signals in the queue
    - and a late PosResult will follow those, but
    - that PosResult may come before any PosResult that is the result of new PosRequests
  - Thus, we must make sure that the PosResult is actually matched with the right nickname
    - We need to check the static id of the PosResult with that of the most recent PosRequest

# Checking the static id of the PosResult

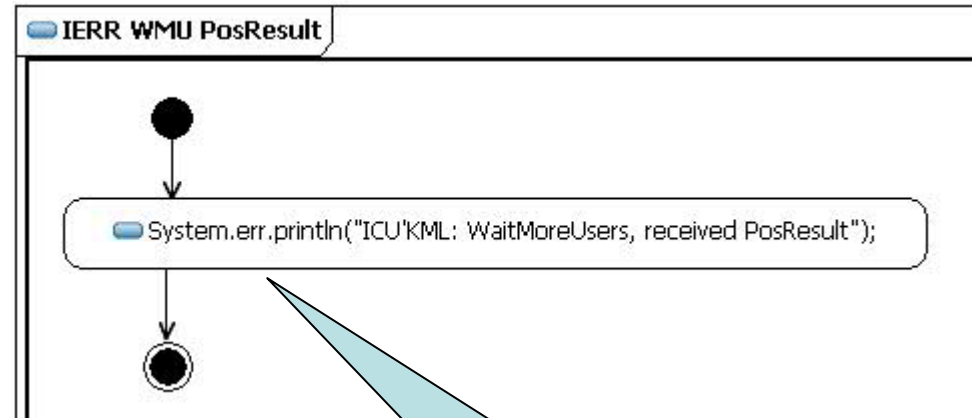
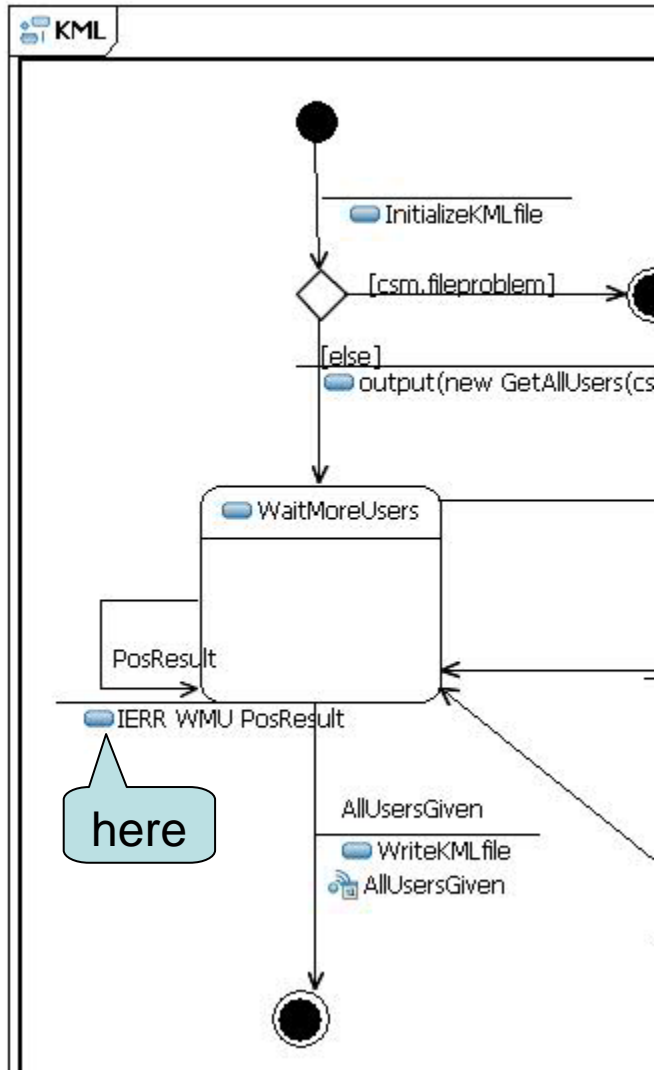




## KML problems (4 & 5)

- 4: Default transitions of WaitMoreUsers
  - PosResult and Sms are not handled
    - Sms cannot come to KML =>
      - internal error, handled on enclosing level
    - PosResult should (normally) not come =>
      - internal sequencing error, give message on console and ignore signal
- 5: Default transitions of WaitPosition
  - There are non-KML signals that should be covered (as Sms)
    - we will cover that on enclosing level

## 4: PosResult received at WaitMoreUsers



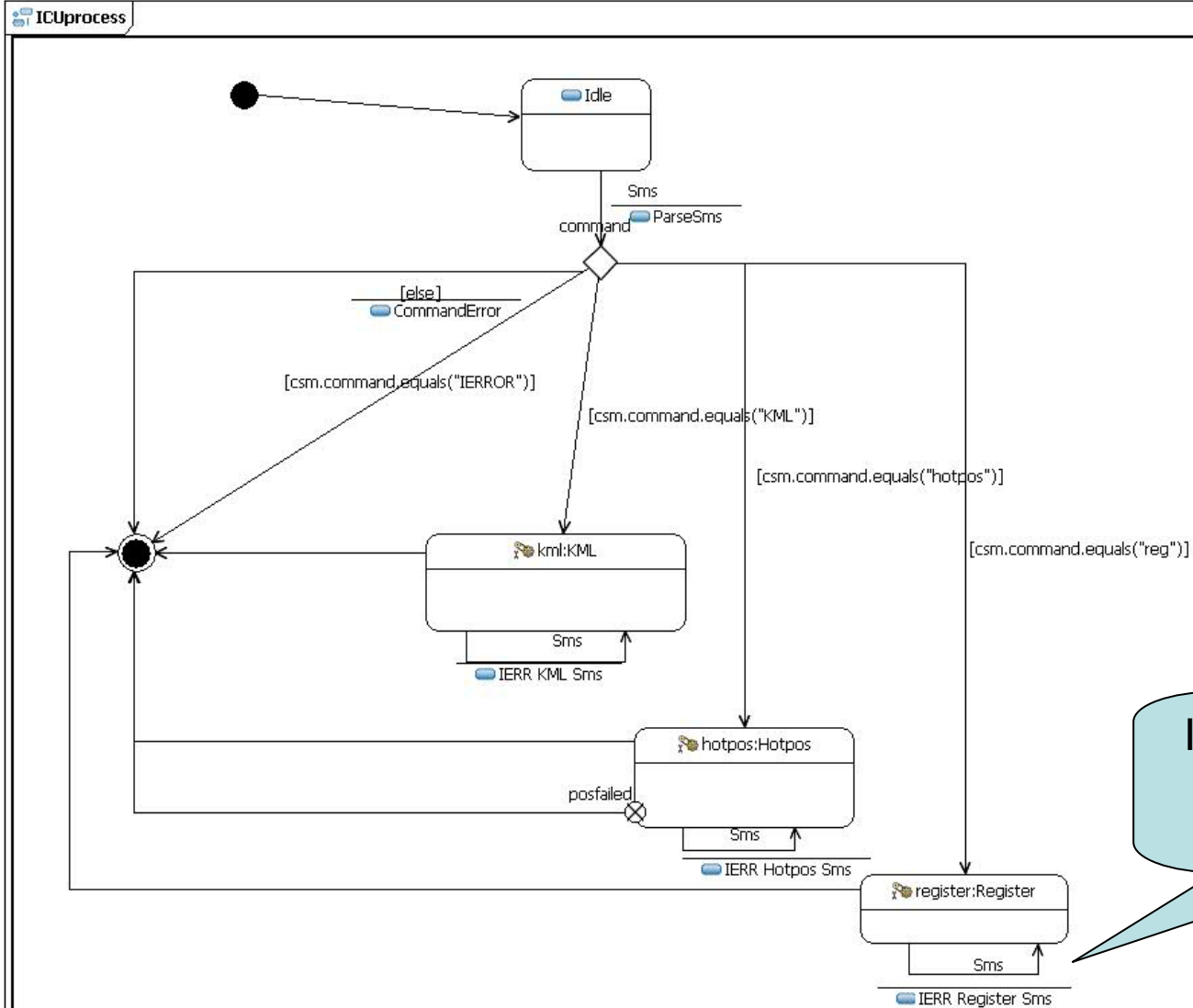
Internal error and no obvious reason to send Sms to user



## 4&5: Problems best solved on ICUprocess level

- The unexpected Sms signal
  - Neither KML, Hotpos or Register cater for receiving Sms
  - ...but they do not need to since Sms is always handled by ICUcontroller by creating a new ICUprocess
    - true, but will it always be that way?
- Covering the unexpected also makes the software more robust for the future
- The normal situation being that Sms will not occur in ICUprocess it may be handled on its top level

# The modified ICUprocess



Internal error and no obvious reason to send Sms to user

# The exceptional

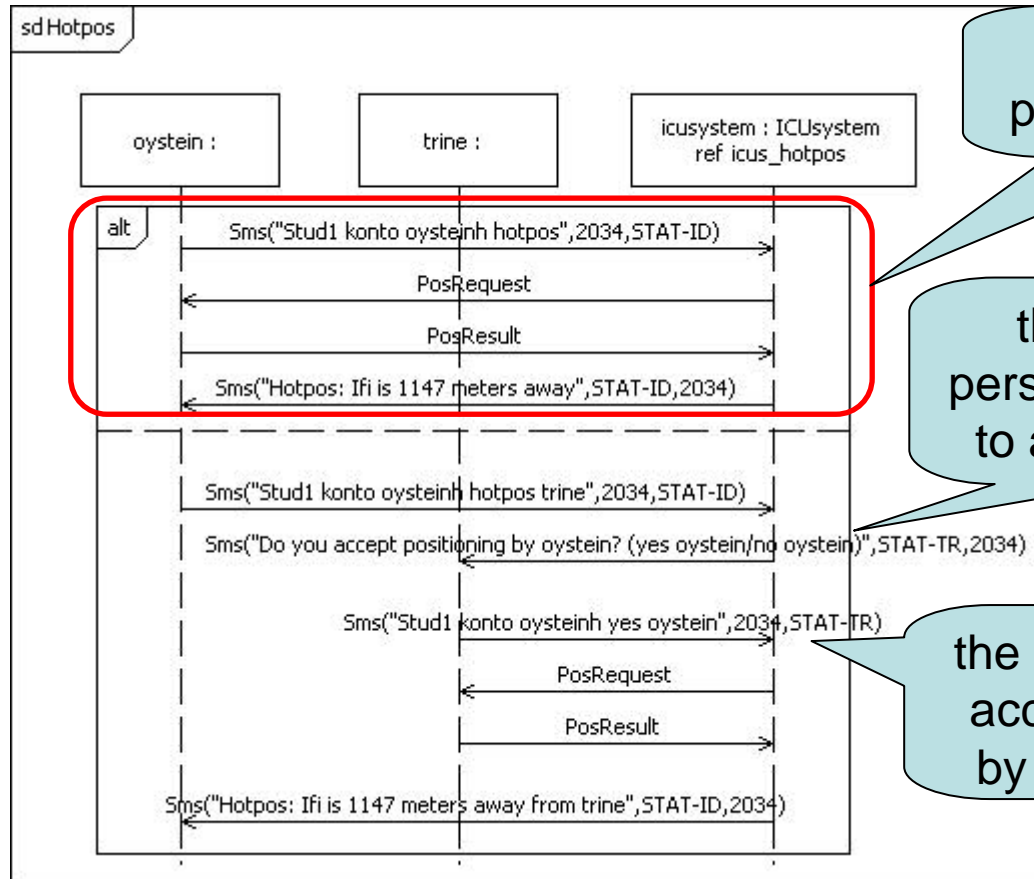
- Data may have strange syntax or values
  - We have looked at data checks for ICUcontroller
- An unexpected signal arrives
  - we explicitly describe every conceivable transition
  - We have looked at this for ICUprocess'KML
- No signal arrives
  - we guard our protocols/services with timers (ICUprocess'KML)
- Security issues
  - authentication + logging + statistics
  - Check for registration in ICUprocess'Hotpos
- Availability issues
  - self tests (we shall improve the Archive)

## Services revisited

- Hotpos
  - Only registered users should be able to position others
  - Positioning must be accepted by the positioned user
    - for the sake of showing more advance protocol for authentication
- KML
  - will not get the same full treatment
    - because asking every registered user is too tedious
  - This shows that a "buddy group" concept probably needs to be introduced to continue to offer KML service
- Register
  - will of course not require that users are registered!



# Hotpos revisited



anybody can position themselves

the positioned person will be asked to accept or reject

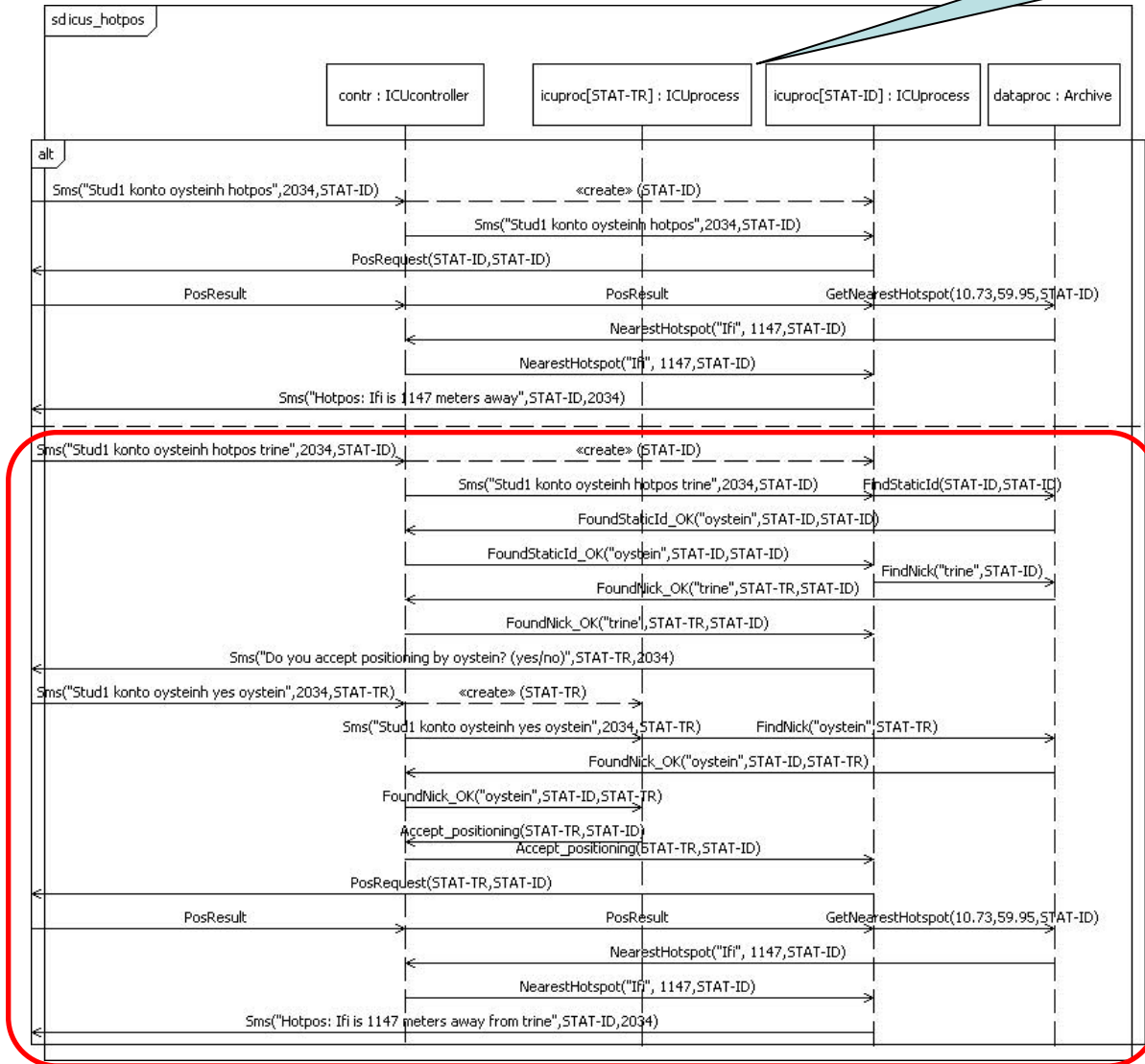
the positioned must accept positioning by a specific user

## Problems when Trine should accept Oystein

- We need to know that Trine really accepts Oystein and not somebody else
  - we need to connect Trine's response to Oystein's session
- Trine's response is an Sms and that will in our design spawn another session!
  - which may not be a bad idea!
- Let us make a new service – a *yesno* service
  - The *yesno* service will take an Sms with the following syntax:
    - "yes nickname" or "no nickname"
  - The *yesno* service will send a signal to the session identified by the nickname
    - `Accept_positioning` or `Reject_positioning` depending on yes/no

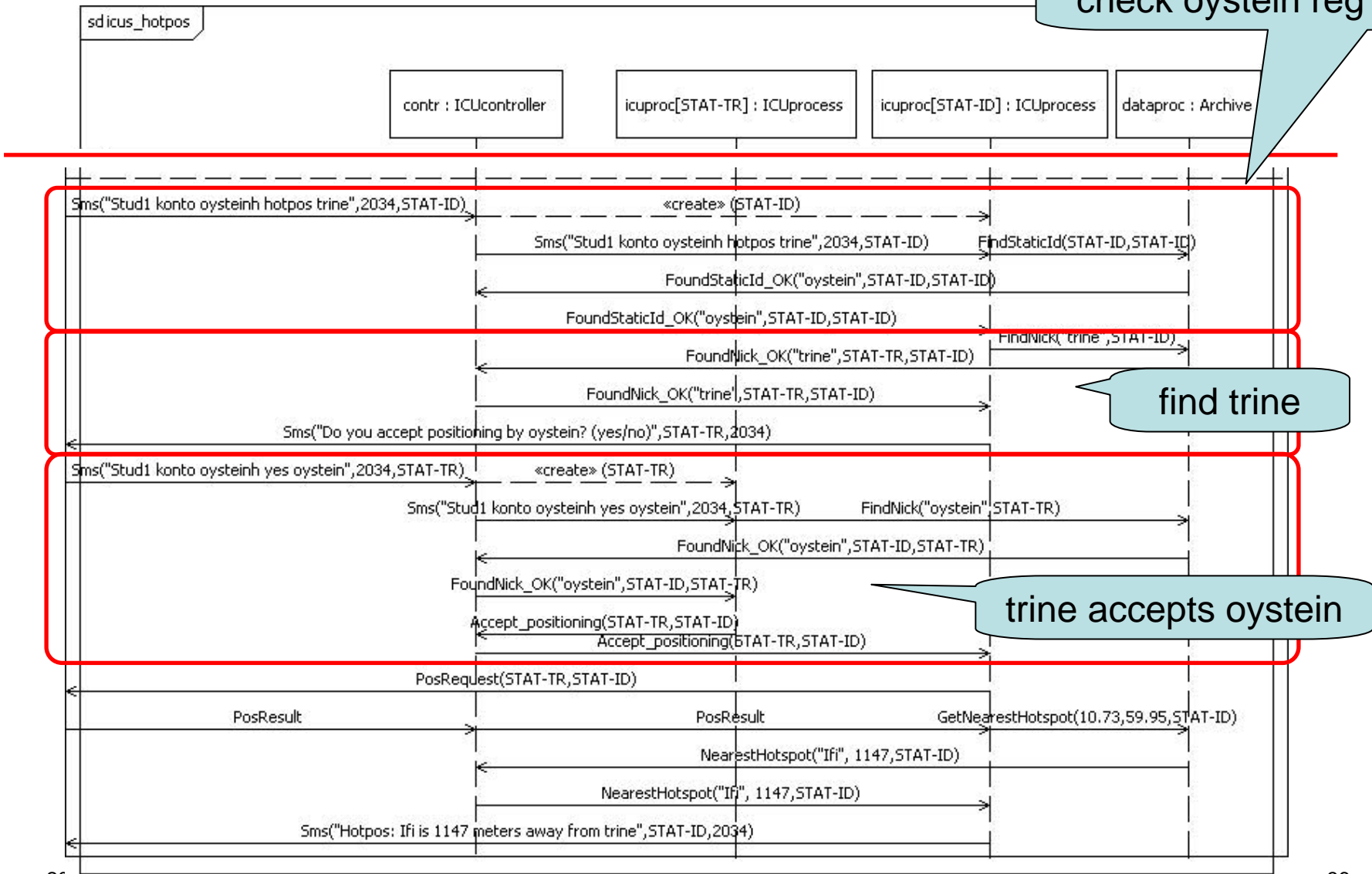
# Hotpos in detail (1)

two sessions!



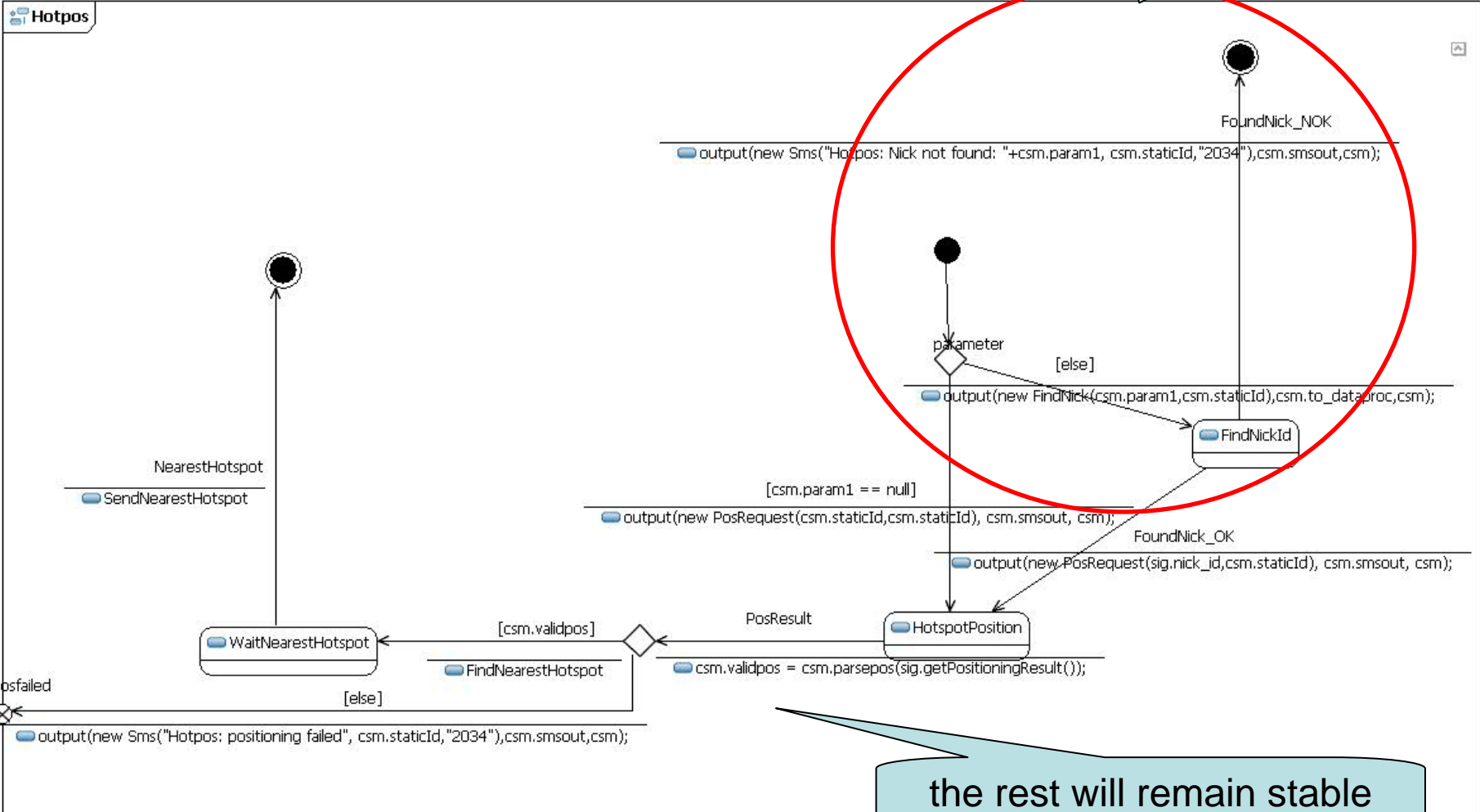
# Hotpos in detail (2)

check oystein reg'd



# Hotpos state machine in ICUB

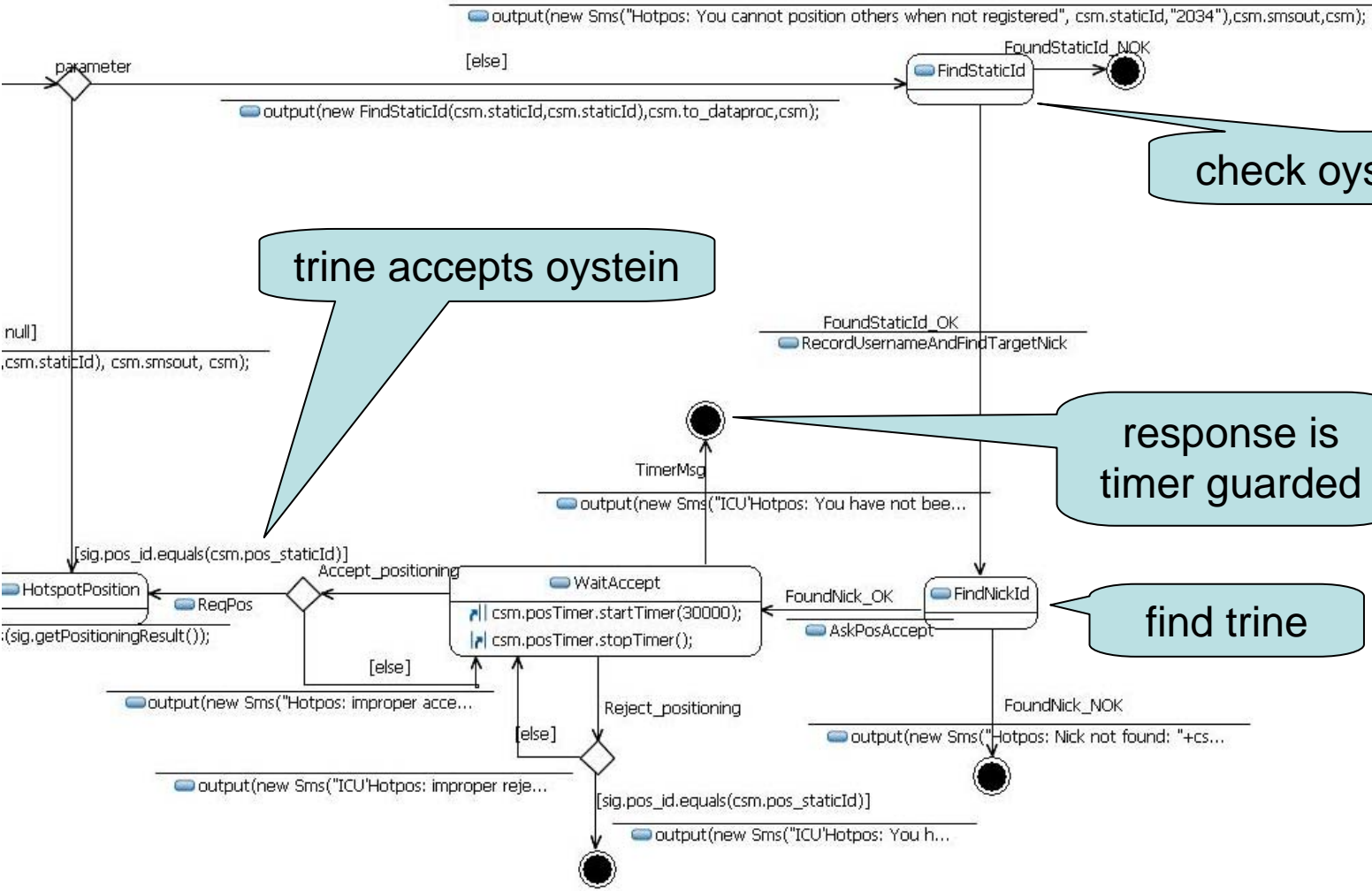
This will change



the rest will remain stable



# Hotpos – the new features



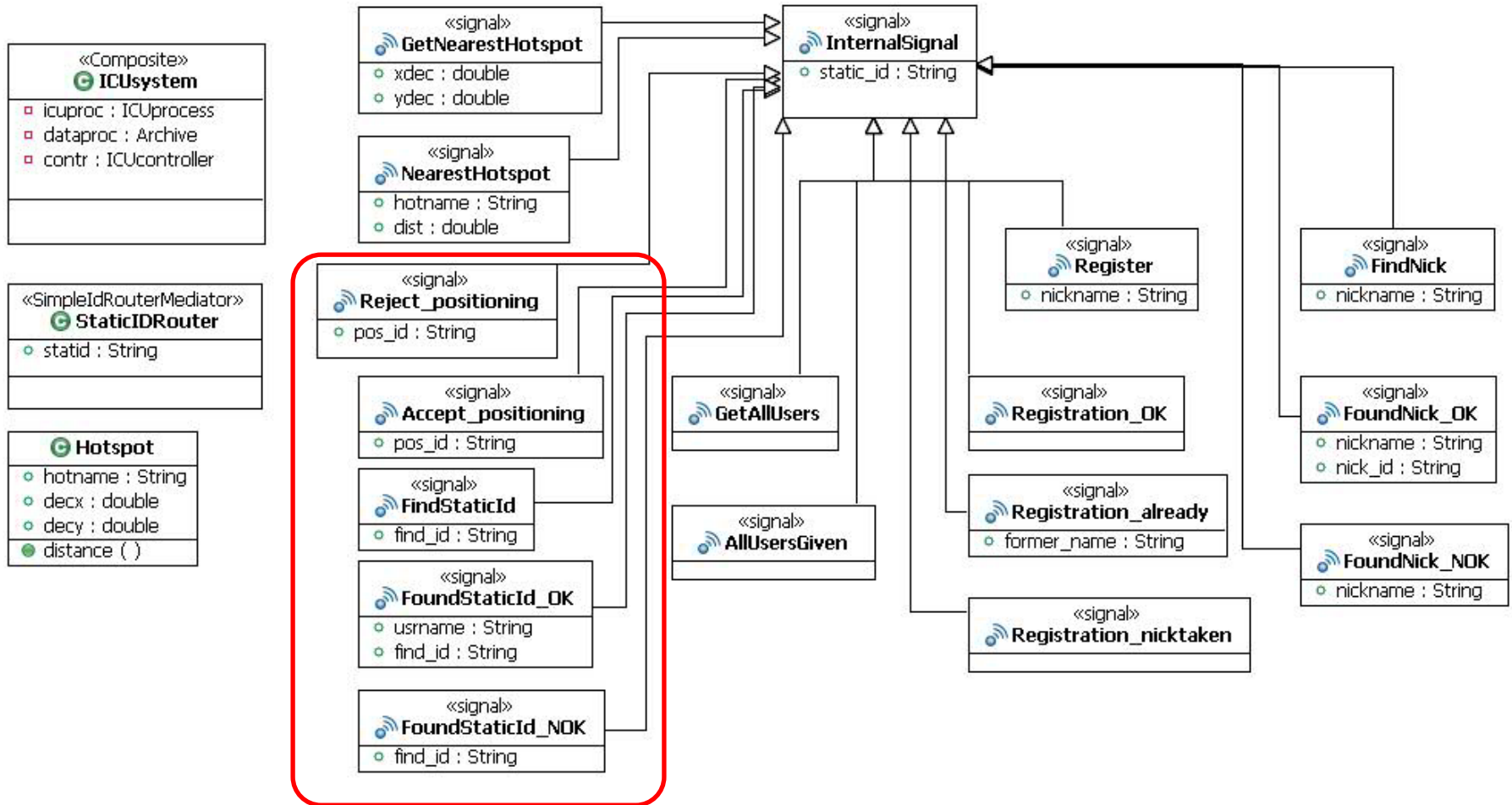
trine accepts oystein

check oystein reg'd

response is timer guarded

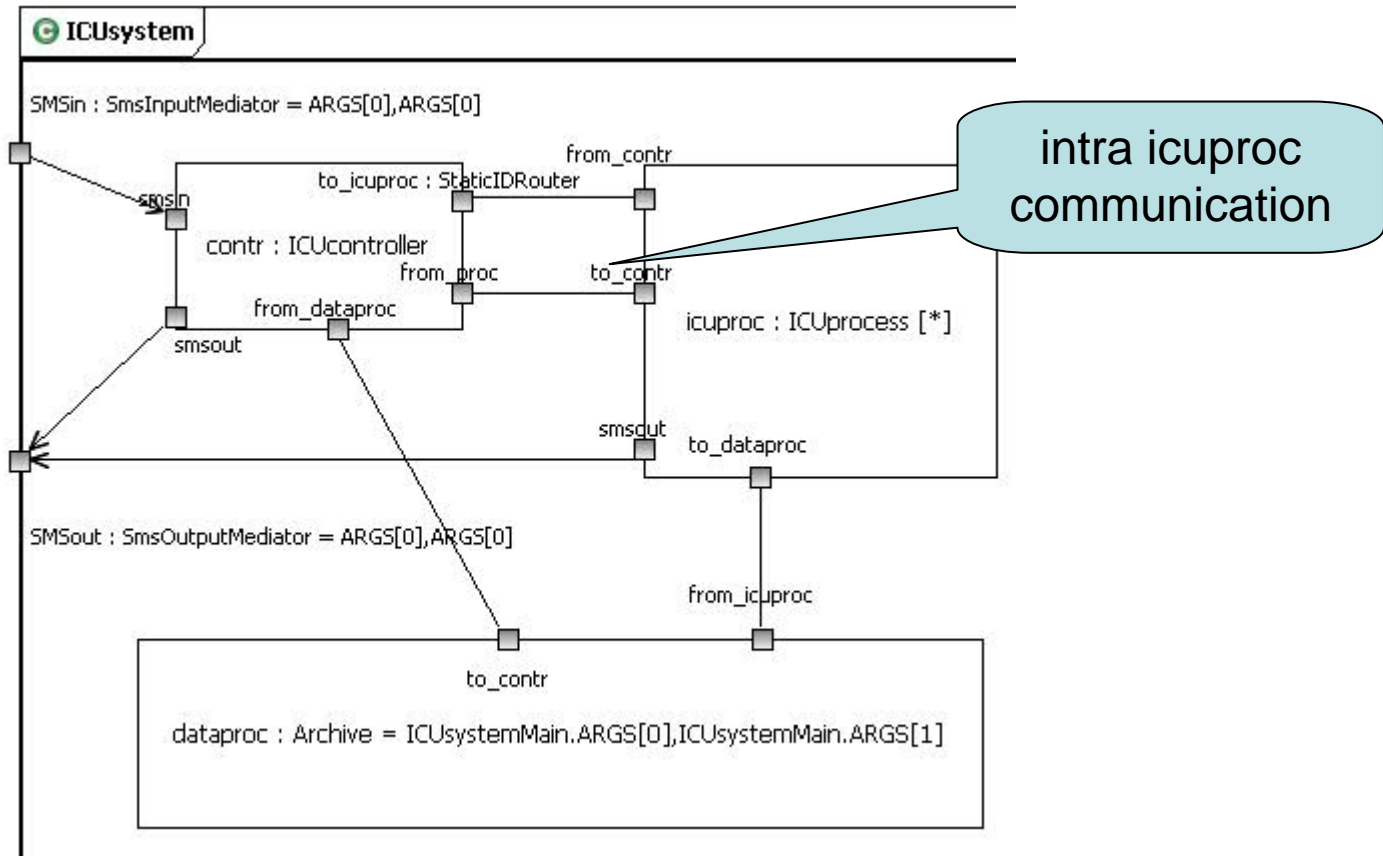
find trine

# New internal signals

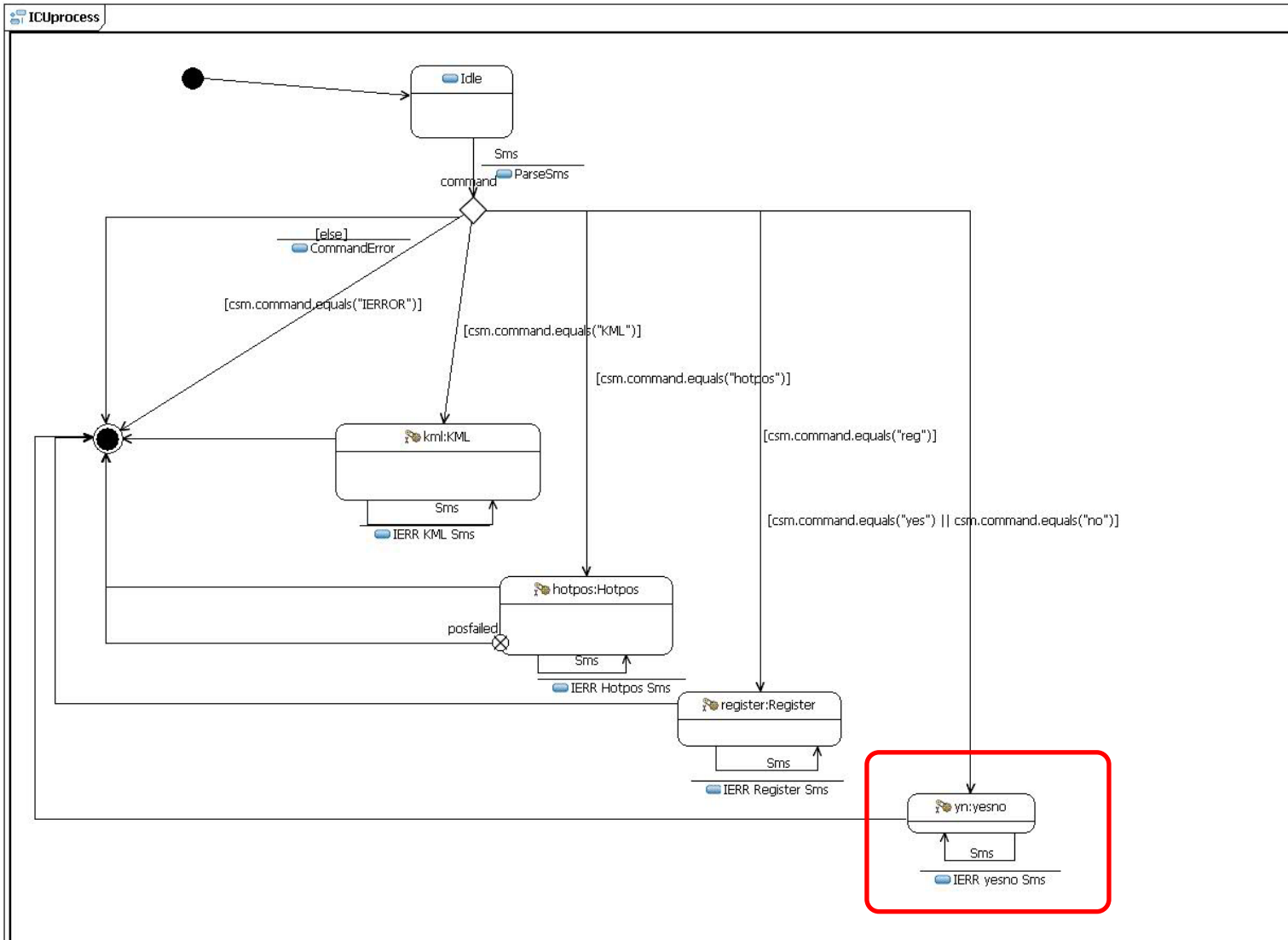




# New communication path must be added

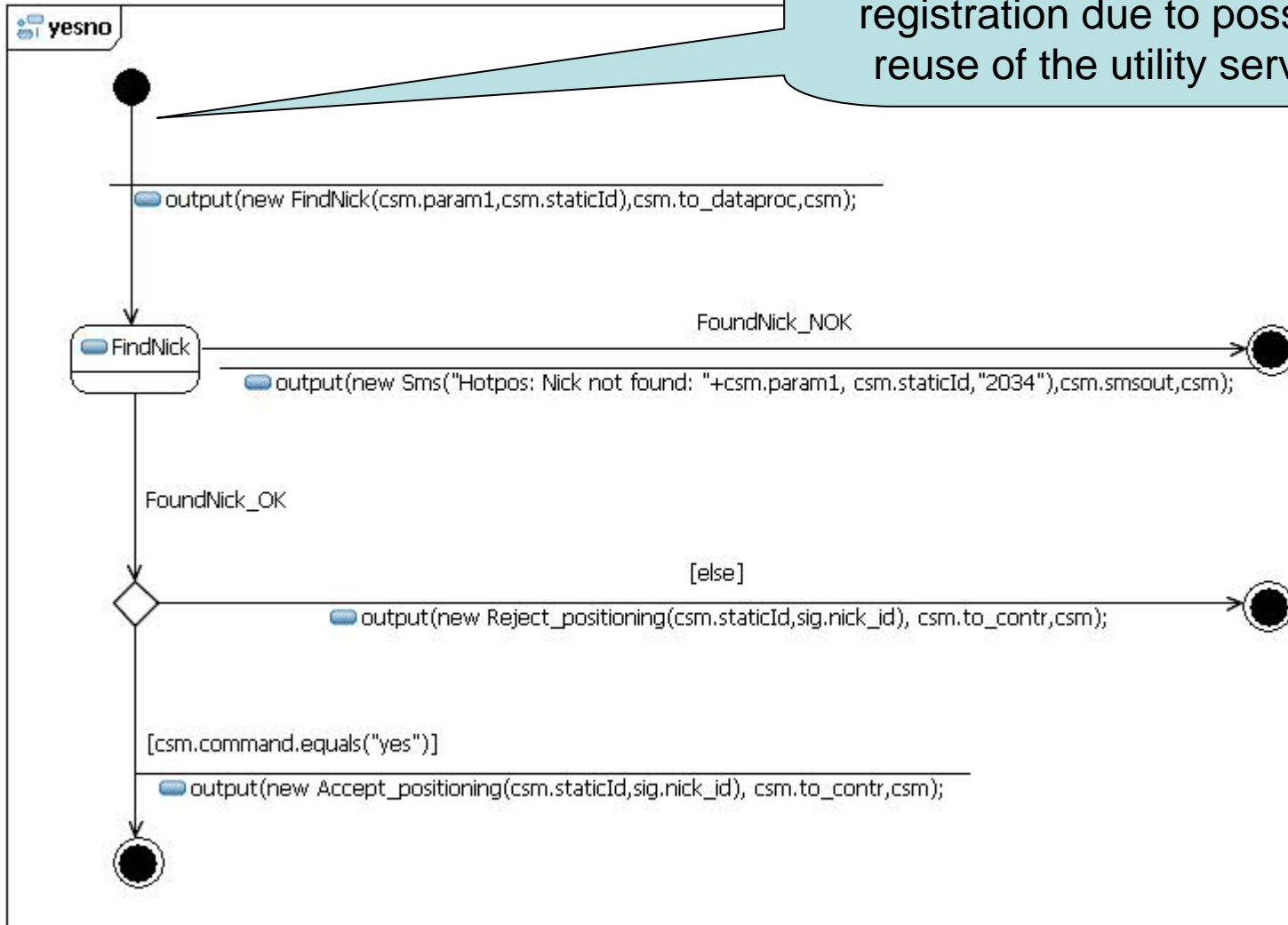


# Adding the *yesno* service

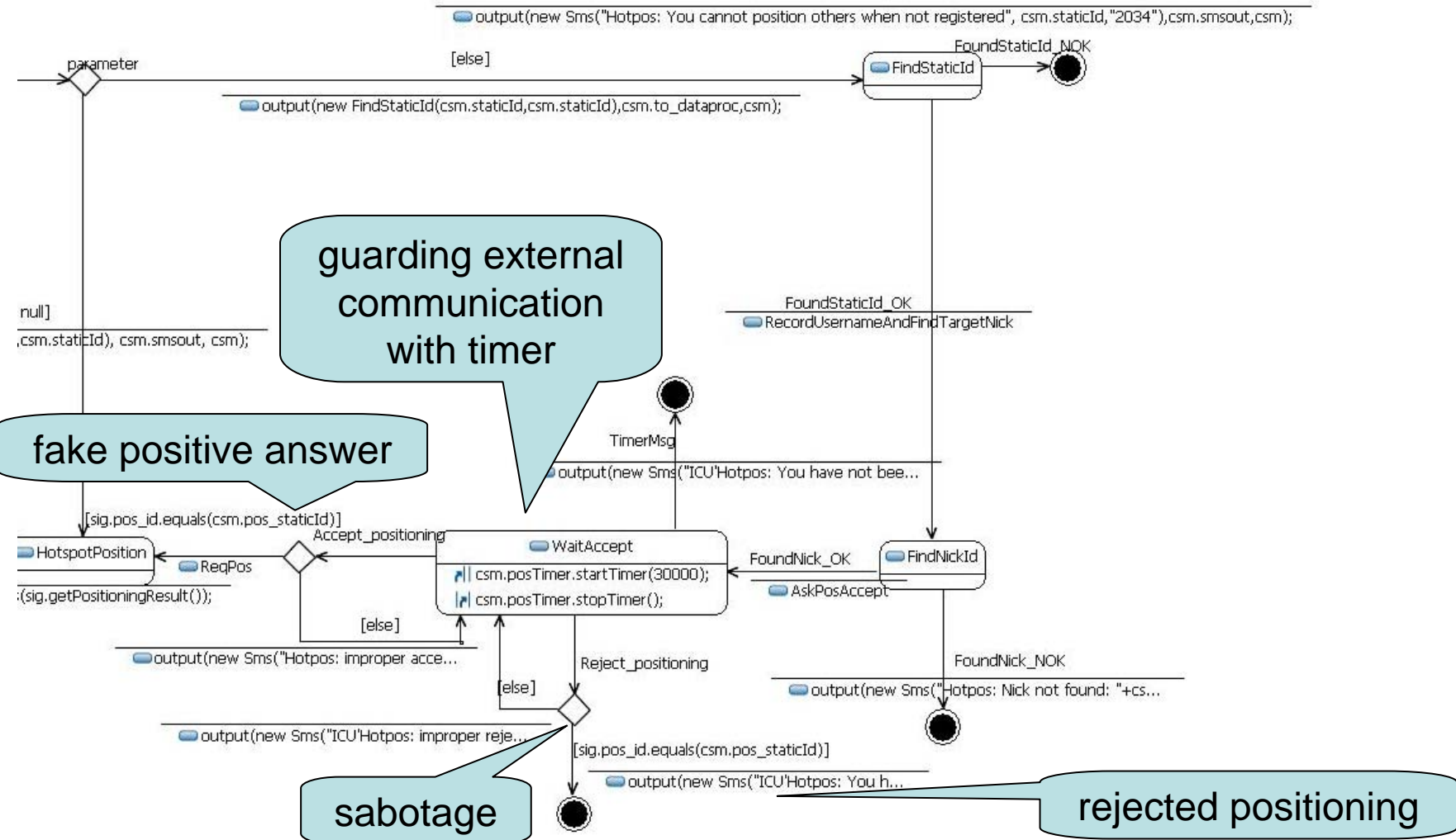


# The yesno service

decided not to check for registration due to possible reuse of the utility service



# Hotpos – more issues



## Points to make

- trivial additions to the Archive
  - finding the registered username from static id
- $n+1$ 
  - new signals introduced means new signals to cope with everywhere
- stability for parts of the state machine
  - emphasizing that a state is enough to determine the history
- services that use other services
  - Hotpos uses yes-no service
  - therefore we need new connection (and new ports) between *icuproc* and *contr*

## More points to make

- Guarding the external communication with a timer
  - WaitAccept where the positioning must be confirmed
- what about yes-no service?
  - out of protocol – we must check on receiving side that the yes-no has the appropriate static id
    - since otherwise anybody (*or even Oystein himself*) could just send a "yes oystein" in place of the reply from Trine
  - also a reject must be checked against the static id
    - since otherwise anybody could just send a "no oystein" in place of the reply from Trine!
  - we will not require that yes-no needs registration
    - it is a utility, and may be used more freely at a later stage



# The exceptional applied to new Hotpos

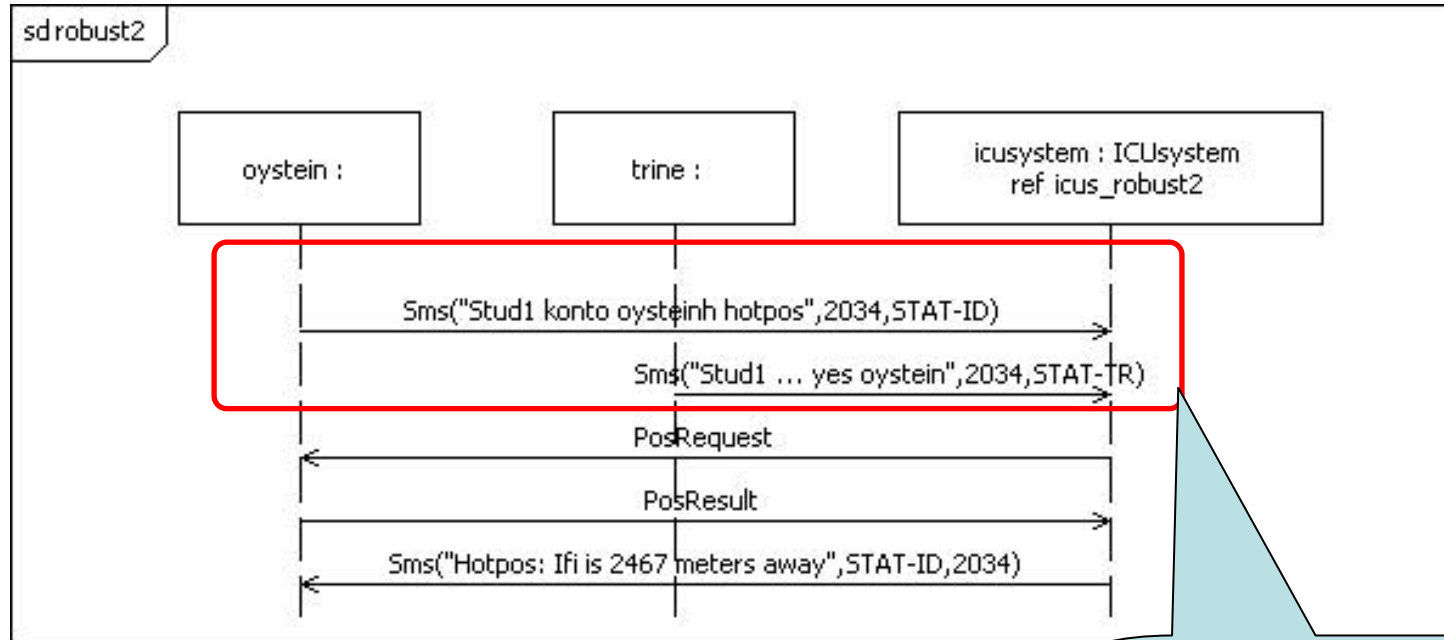
- Data may have strange syntax or values
  - checking static ids of the accept/reject messages
- An unexpected signal arrives
  - We should probably gone through the new signals everywhere
    - especially the accept and reject signals
- No signal arrives
  - we guard our external communication with timers (WaitAccept)
- Security issues
  - authentication (+ logging + statistics)
  - Check that user is registered
  - Check expected static id
    - prevents faked positive acceptance or negative service sabotage
  - Denial of service
    - keep faking will give resetting of the timer

## n+1

- When we add functionality, we add signals
  - and those added signals should be covered in all states
  - in ICUC this has not been done yet!
- We have added external legal services *yes* and *no*
  - These services may produce internal signals *Accept\_positioning* or *Reject\_positioning* to other *ICU* processes
  - Those services may not be ready for those inputs!
    - if *yes/no* has been sent for no purpose or the nickname is misspelled
      - and the misspelled person really has a service going (rather improbable)

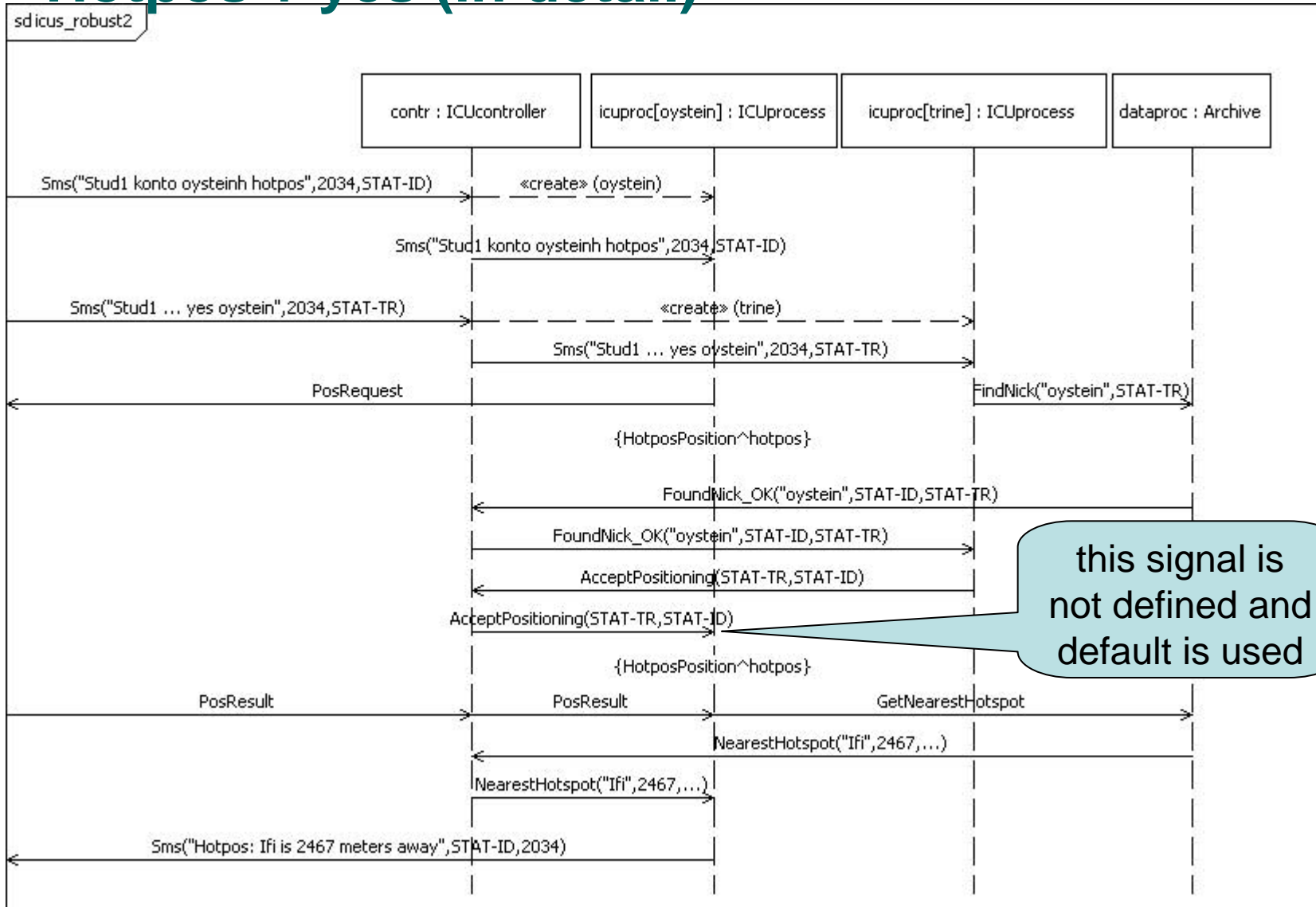


# Hotpos + yes (resulting in a default transition)

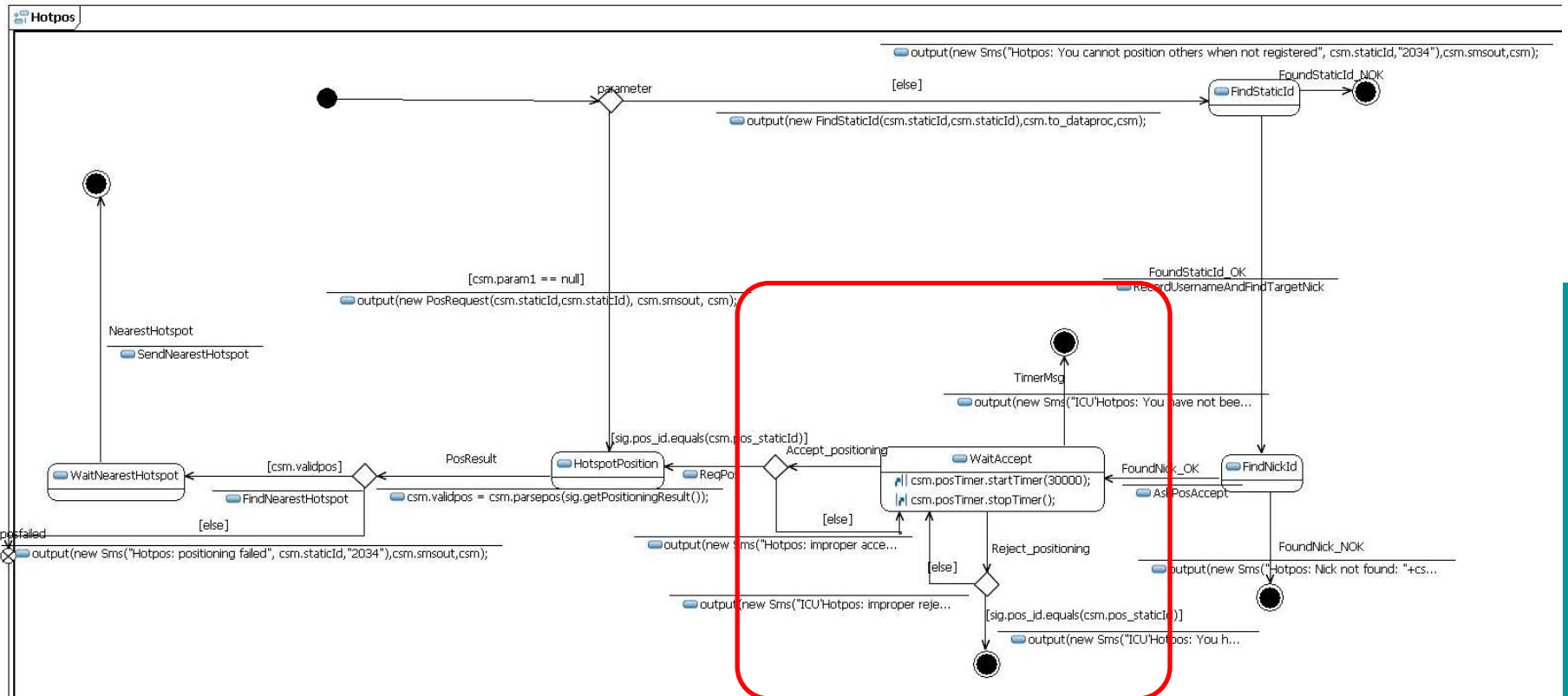


competing initiatives  
and yes is really wrong

# Hotpos + yes (in detail)

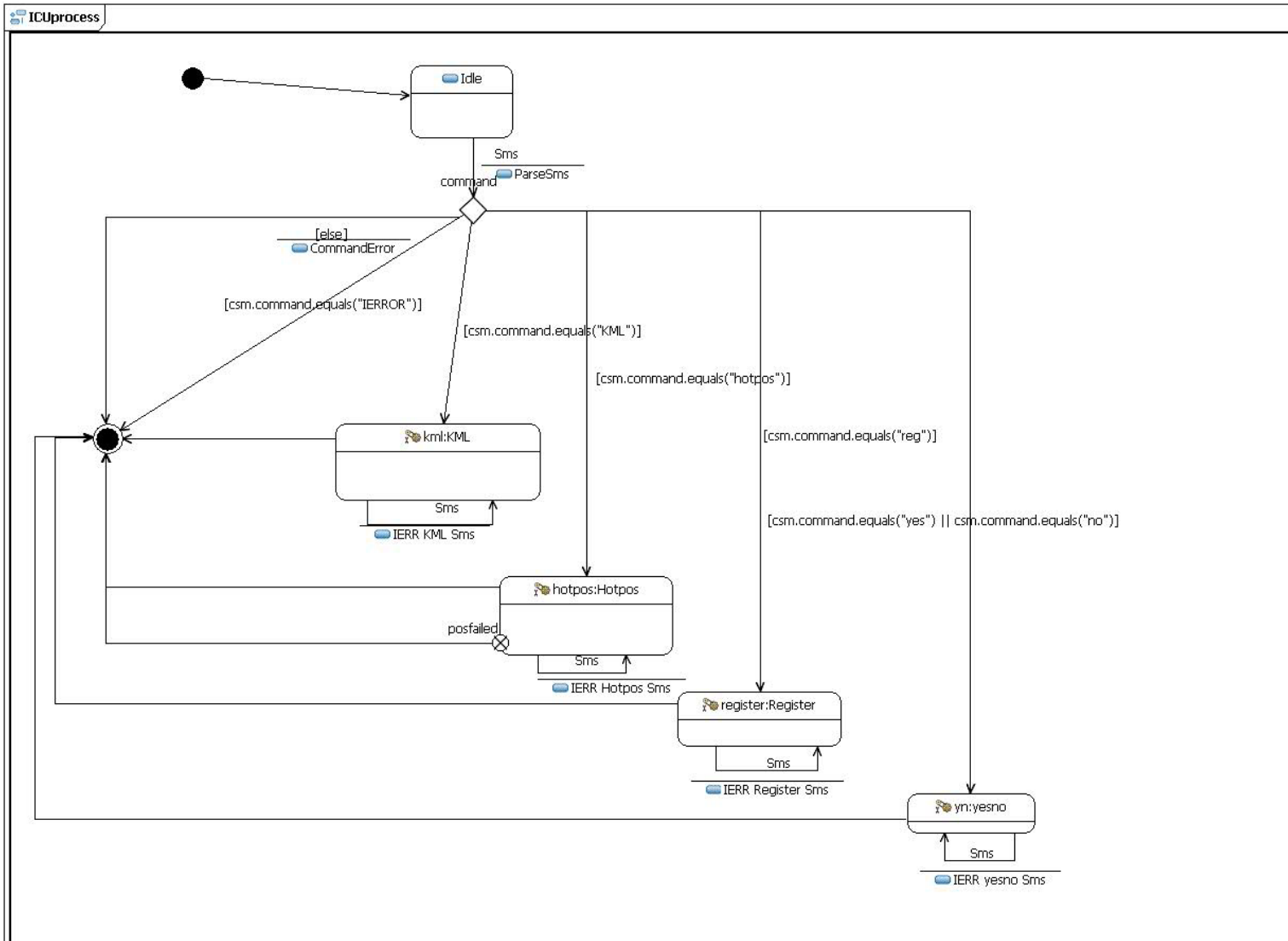


# Misplaced Internal Signals



In Hotpos we only expect  
Accept\_positioning or  
Reject\_positioning here

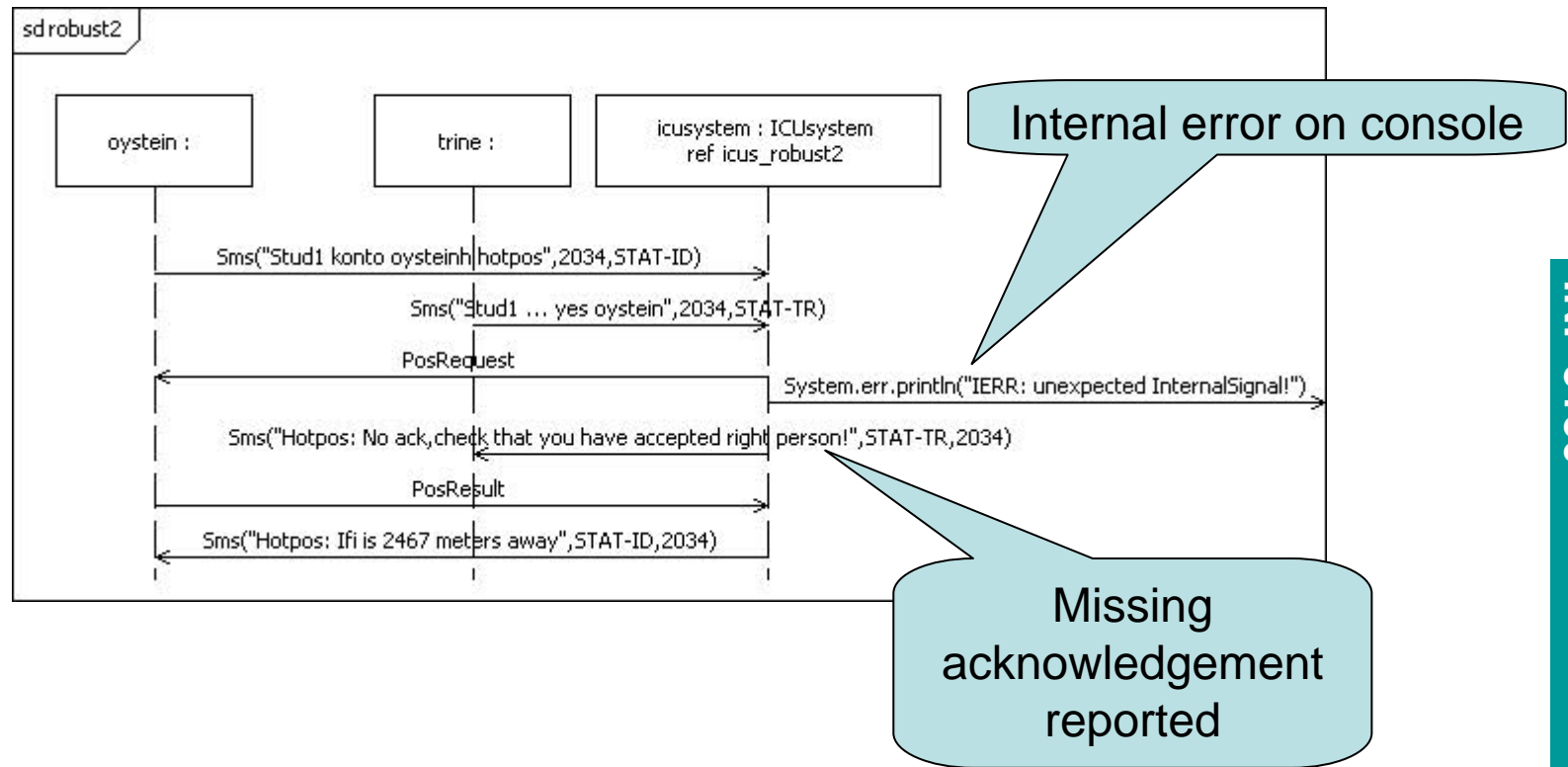
# No capture of InternalSignal on top level



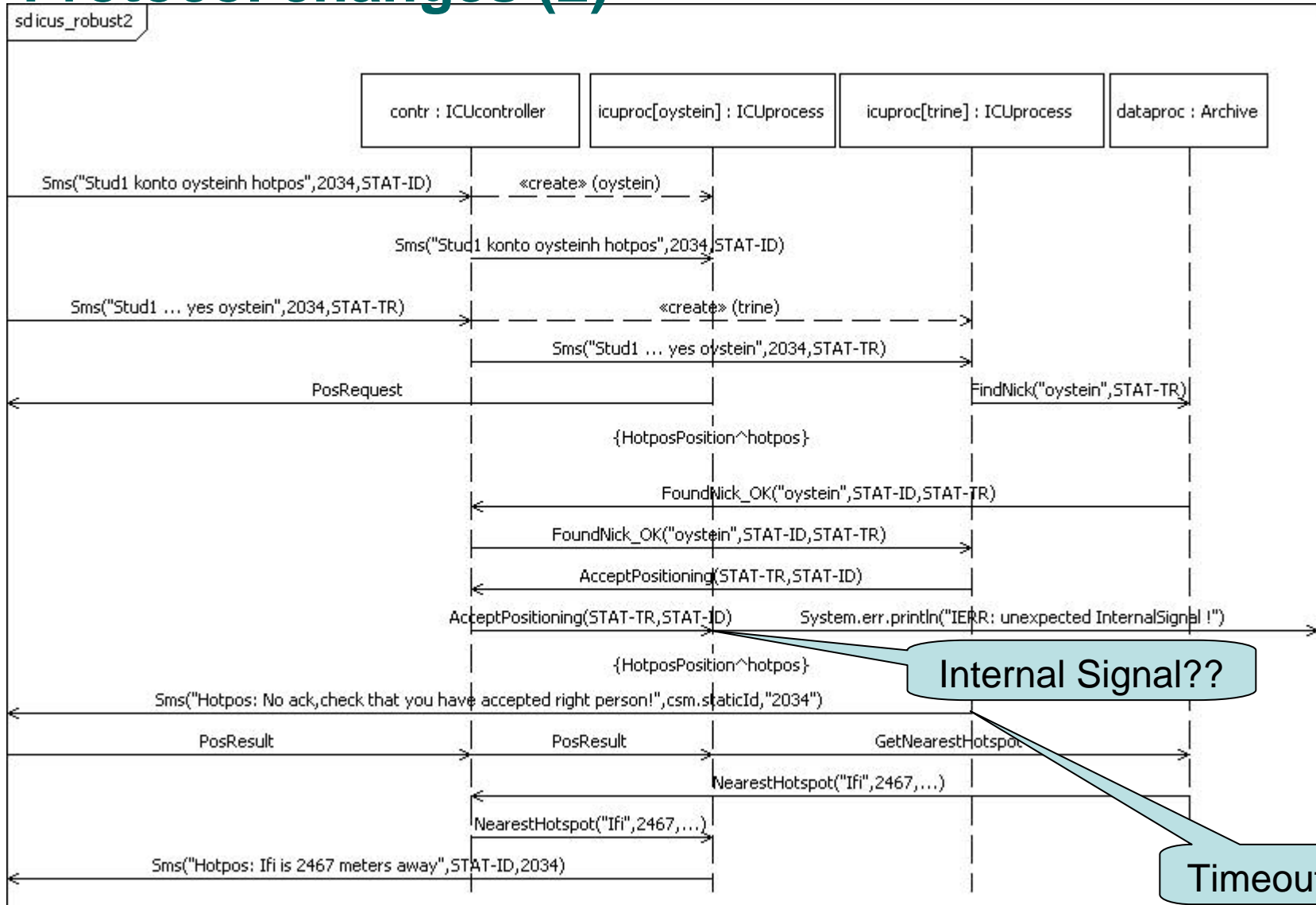
## Using the yes/no service

- Normal (sd ICUC'Hotpos):
  - oystein asks "hotpos trine"
  - trine accepts (or rejects) by saying "yes oystein" or "no oystein"
- Exceptional 1 (sd ICUC'robust2):
  - oystein positions himself by "hotpos"
  - trine for no reason concurrently says "yes oystein"
- Exceptional 2:
  - oyvind asks "hotpos trine"
  - trine misreads oyvind's nick and says "yes oystein"
    - trine gets no message that her supposed acceptance fails!
    - oyvind will time out waiting for trine's approval
  - Possibly we should need double acknowledgment protocol
    - trine should be confirmed that her acceptance succeeded?!
    - or she should get an error message back when not acknowledged

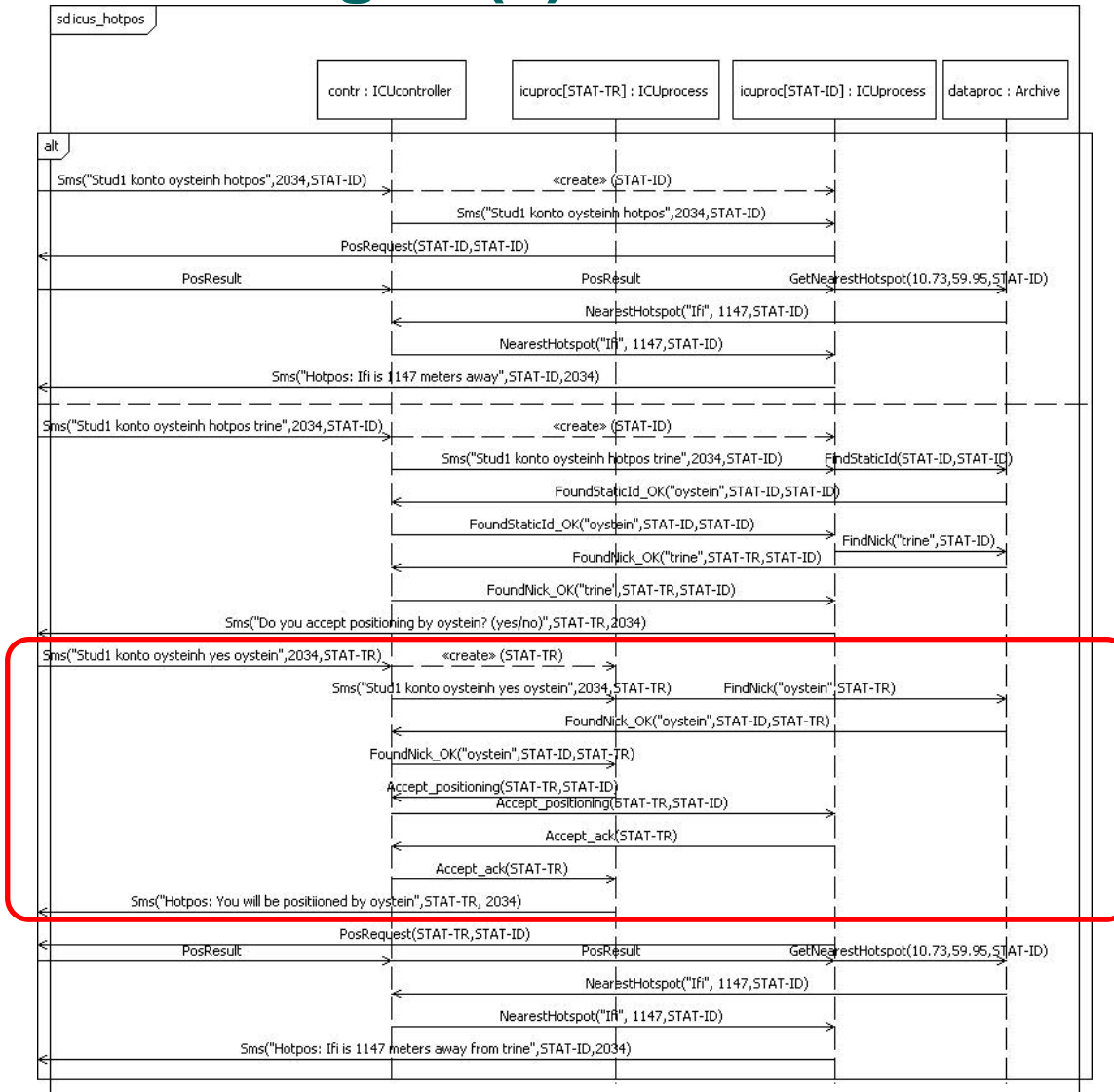
# Protocol changes in detail (sequence diagrams)



# Protocol changes (2)

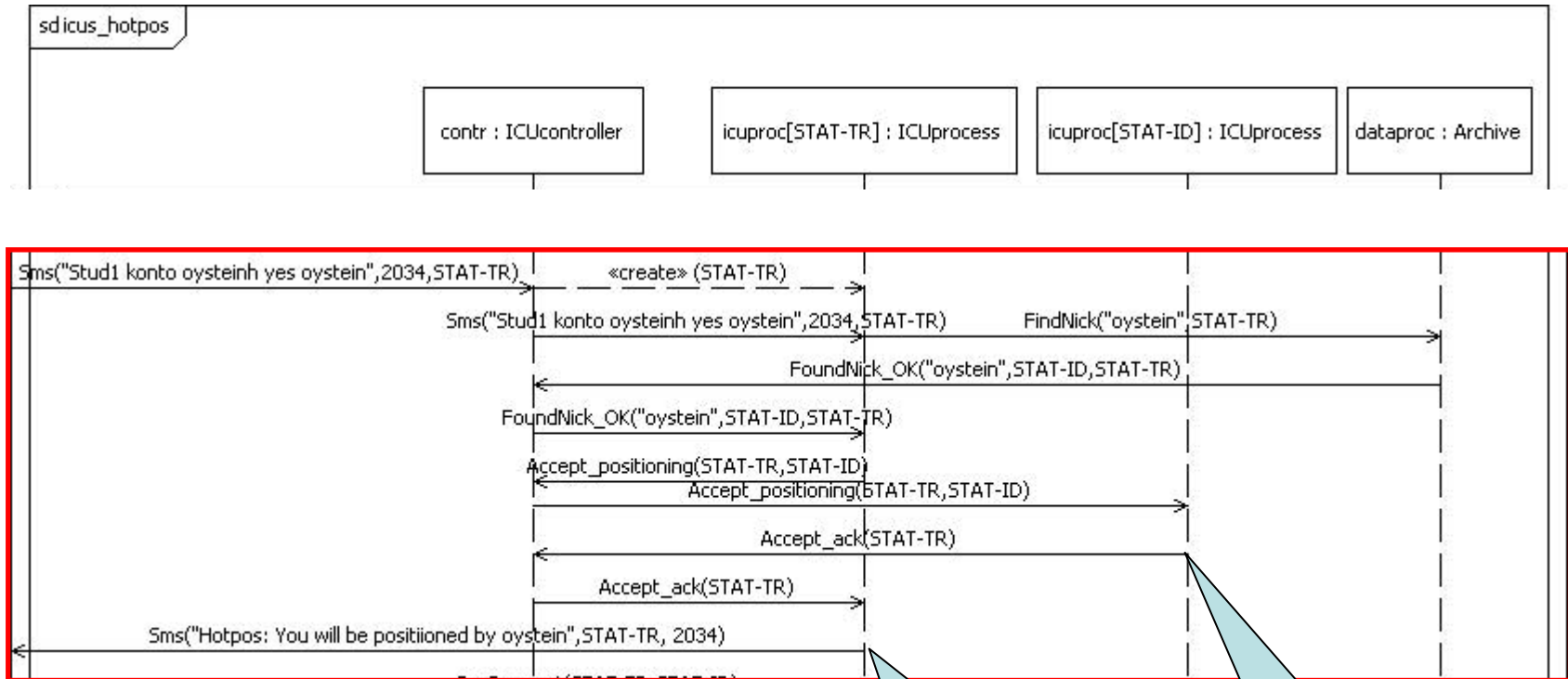


# Protocol changes (3) – the normal Hotpos





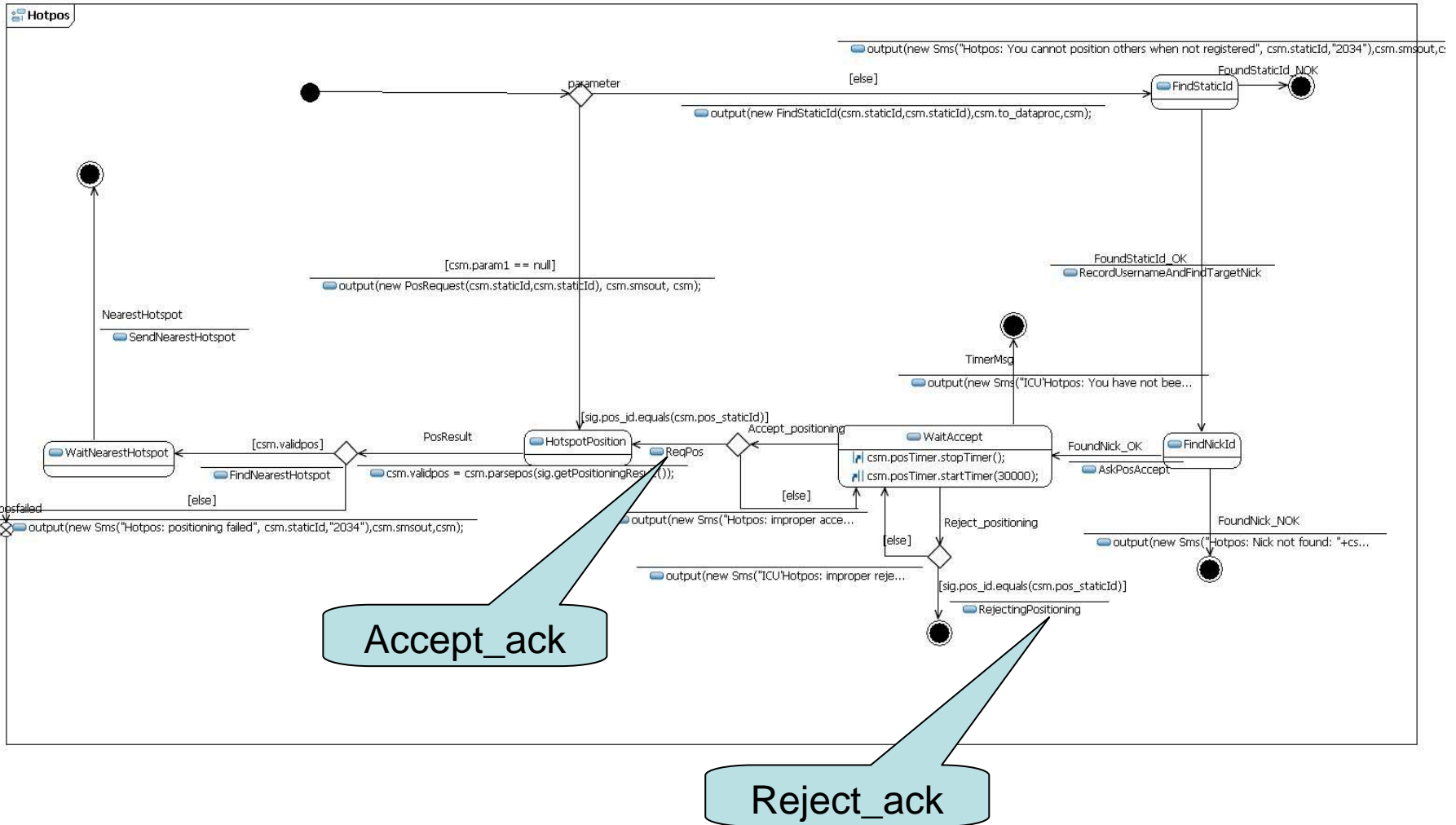
# Protocol changes (4) – the big view



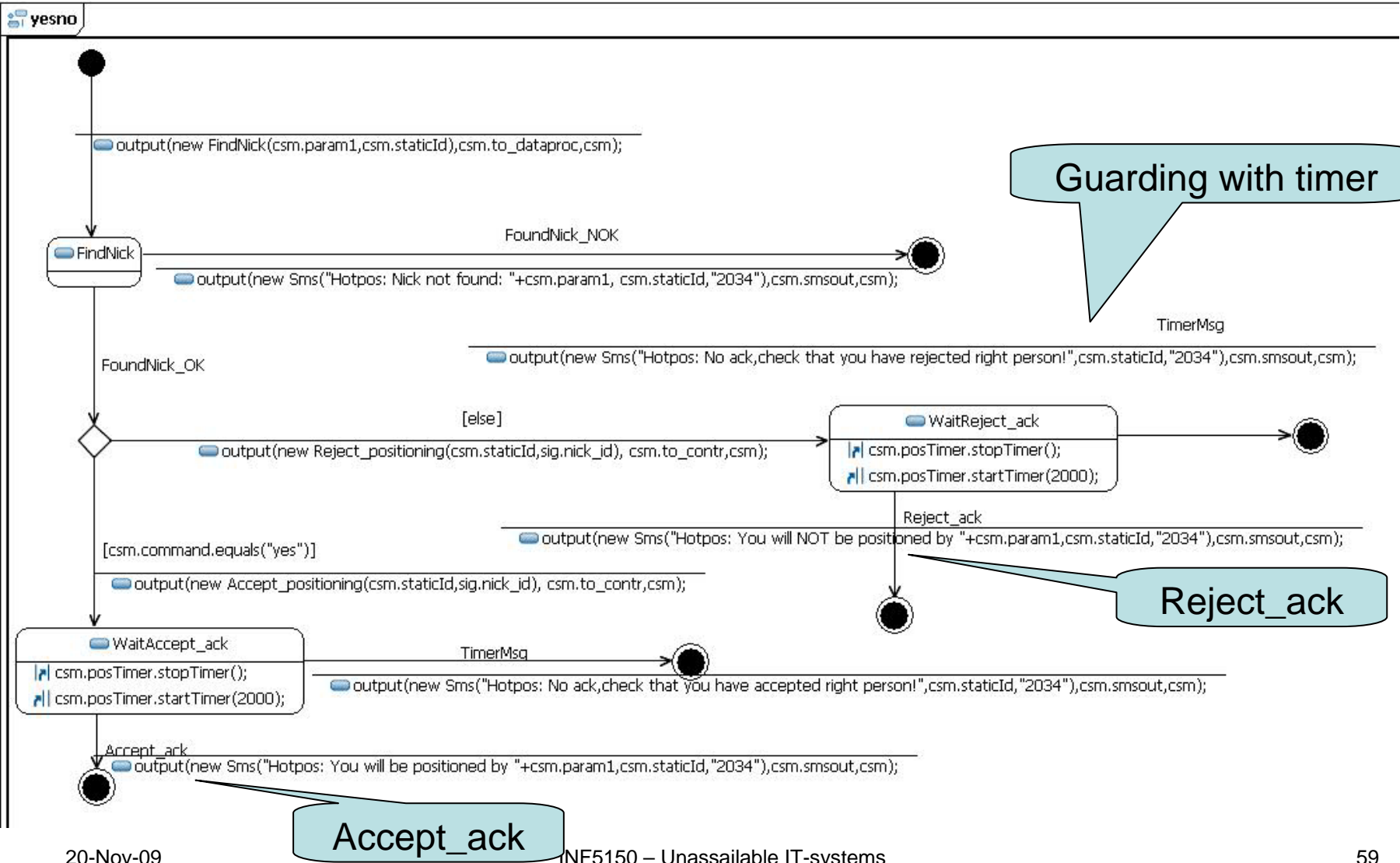
inform the positioned

acknowledge the accept

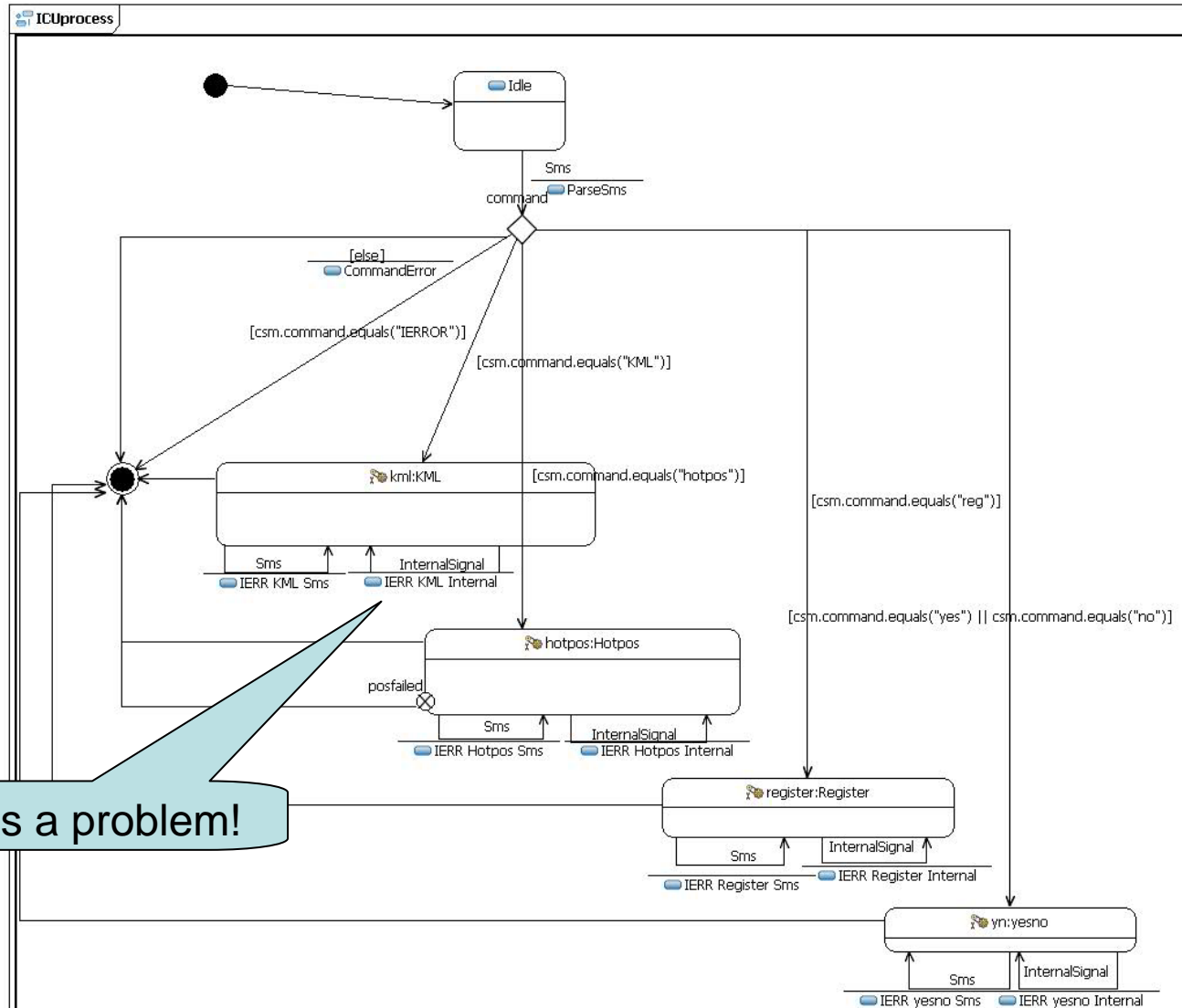
# Implementing the new protocol (Hotpos)



# Implementing the new protocol (yesno)



# Implementing the new protocol (ICUprocess)



There is a problem!

## A story about history

- Unexpected signals can be caught on outer levels
  - but we want the net effect to be ignoring them after giving an error message
    - This can be done in UML with History states
- History states assures that when returning through a history point into a submachine state, execution will return where it left off in there
  - there are shallow and deep histories (one level, or all levels)
- UML has history states, but JFrame has not!
  - 1. implement history in JFrame? (not done yet)
  - 2. let transition return into the state anyway? (will restart the state)
  - 3. let transition end in a final state (terminating service which means that there is a way to perform denial of service)
  - 4. flatten the outer level error transitions into the inner levels

## A lesson learned

- What you have not checked, may not work
  - We did not manage to check the Sms errors and therefore did not manage to discover the history problem
- What is defined in a standard, may not be implemented
  - History states are found in UML 2, but are not implemented in JavaFrame
- It is not always obvious what is the optimal solution
  - 1. Implementing History states in JavaFrame
    - good for the future, but time-consuming now
  - 2. Restart the state
    - will also restart the service and that is not in general attractive
  - 3. Terminate
    - simple solution that actually hurts an innocent user
  - 4. Flatten the transitions down
    - not very elegant, but requires only finite time to do
    - not very future-oriented

# Availability

- Availability
  - That authorized users can get the services they want when they want them
- It may be too late to check the availability when the service is being asked for
  - It may be necessary to check regularly regardless of demand
- External resources upon which the service depends
  - should be checked regularly
- Internal resources
  - may be trusted as they may only be divisions of the program
  - may be checked if they involve external resource (like network)





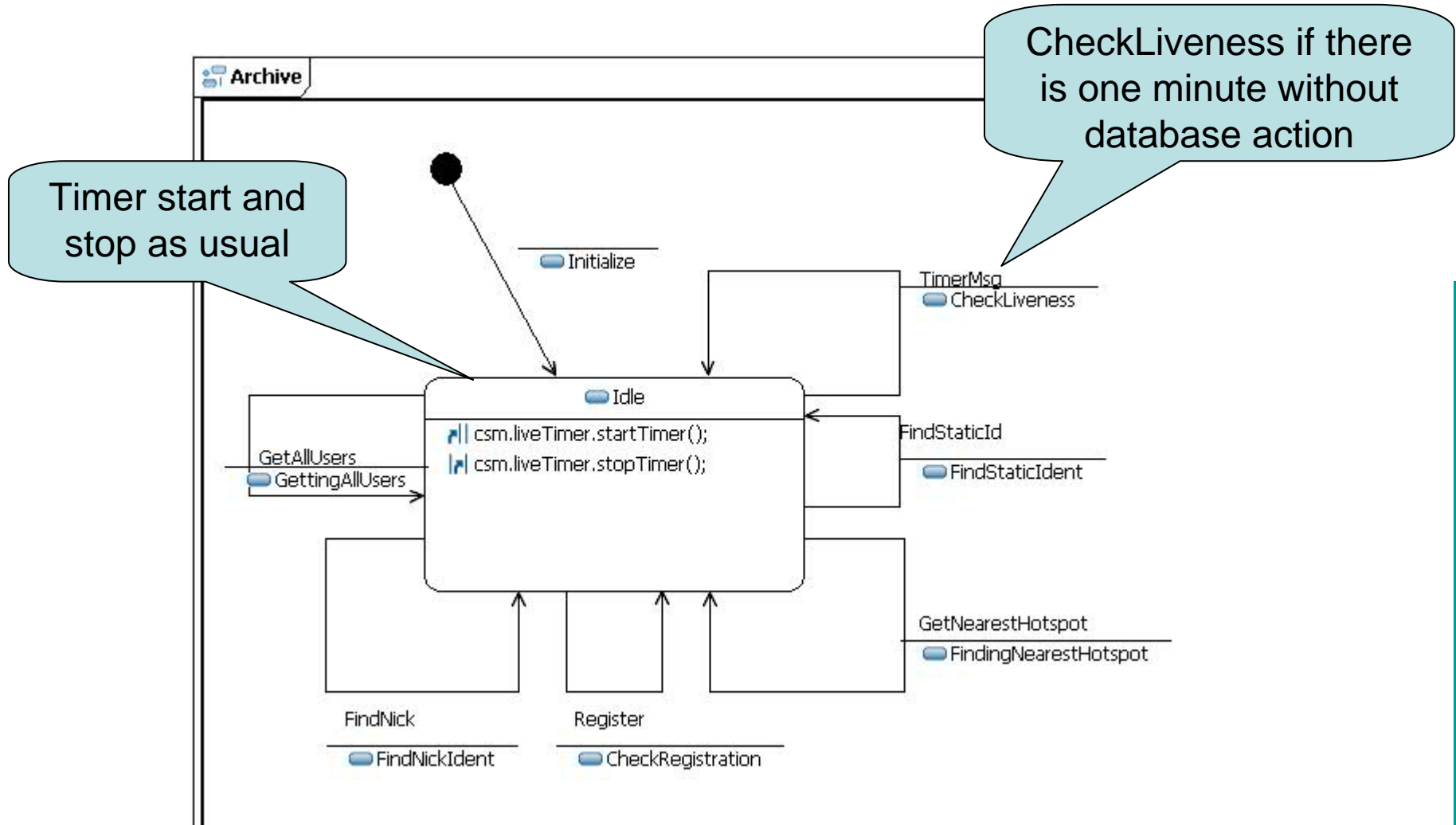
# PATS

- The connection to PATS is controlled by the IFI lower level software
  - This is not always enough to make sure that PATS really works the way it is expected for our purposes
- In a normal situation there will be frequent requests to PATS and malfunction would be reported through the robustness means that we have already applied
  - If PATS connection is dead, nothing would reach our program
- Extra liveness checks would actually cost money (for commercial utilization of PATS)
- For ICU we decide not to introduce extra liveness checks against PATS

## IFIORA – the IFI Oracle database server

- IFIORA will also be invoked frequently and failure reported through the exception handling
  - which should be improved from stack dump!
- For the sake of demonstration we also include a liveness check for IFIORA
  - We assume that the exception handling implicit in jdbc will always capture availability exceptions
  - An extra liveness check will be implemented through a regular timer-driven transition that performs a simple SQL-command
  - An availability exception will be reported back to the calling service through a special internal error signal (DataError)
    - on which the service may react by issuing a message to the user
- Many small cascading effects around in the model

# Archive – with added liveness timer



# CheckLiveness

```
▪ /* Liveness check by performing the simplest kind of SQL command */  
▪ try {  
▪     Statement stmt = csm.con.createStatement();  
▪     String theQuery = "SELECT COUNT(*) FROM gsmuser";  
▪     ResultSet r = stmt.executeQuery(theQuery);  
▪ } catch (Exception e) {  
▪     System.err.println("ICU'Archive: Liveness check fails! Reconnecting!");  
▪     try {  
▪         DriverManager.registerDriver(new oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver());  
▪         Properties props = new Properties();  
▪  
▪         props.put("user", csm.oracleAccount);  
▪         props.put("password", csm.oraclePasswd);  
▪  
▪         String url = "jdbc.:oracle:thin:@delphinium.ifi.uio.no:1521:IFIORA";  
▪         csm.con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, props);  
▪     } catch (SQLException ee) {  
▪         System.err.println("ICU'Archive: Error when reconnecting!");  
▪     }  
▪ }  
▪ }
```

cheap SQL  
statement

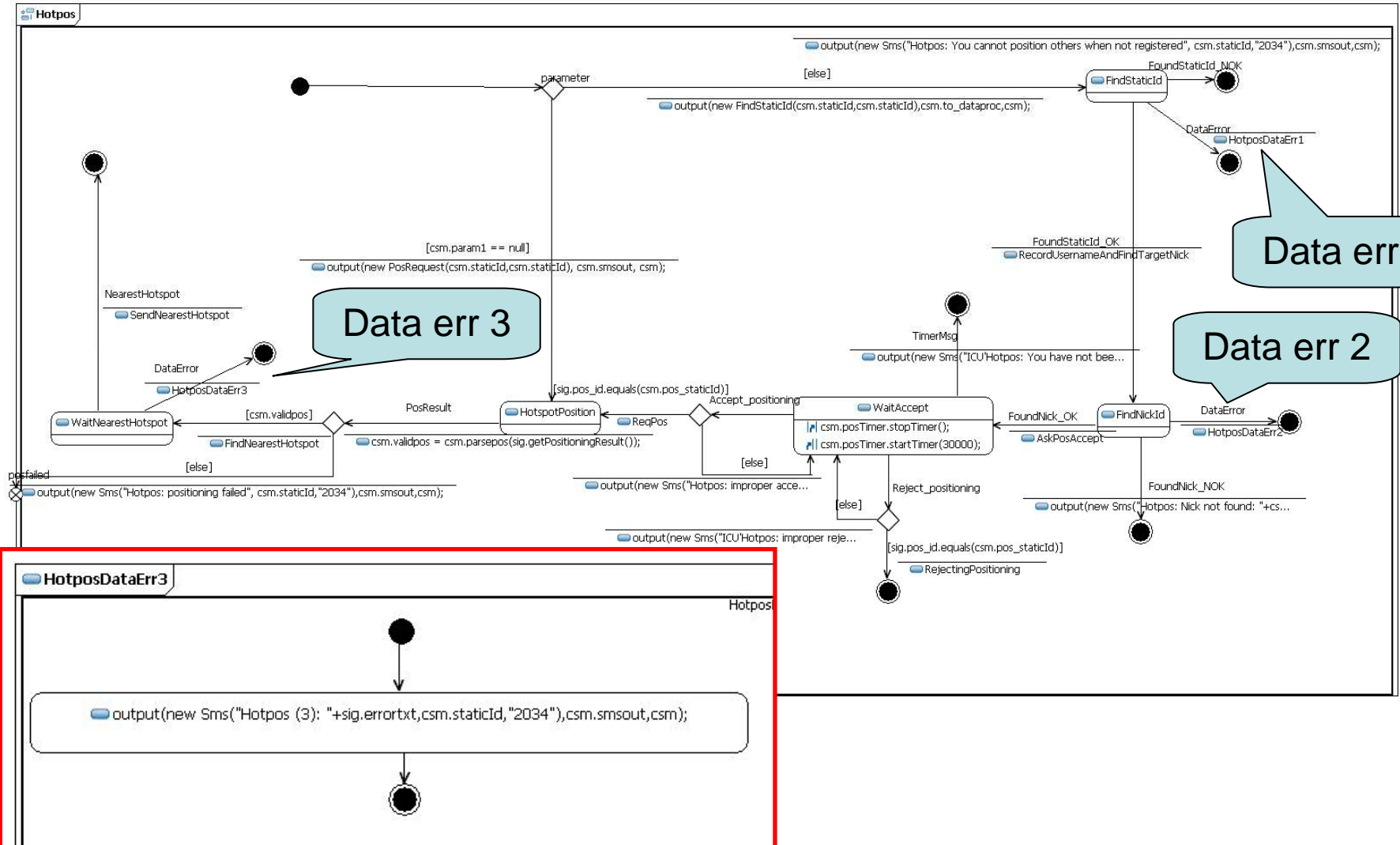
must reconnect  
to work again

# FindStaticidnet

- `/* look in gsmusers for static id */`
- `try {`
- `Statement stmt = csm.con.createStatement();`
- `String theQuery = "SELECT * FROM gsmuser WHERE staticid = '"+ sig.find_id + "'";`
- `ResultSet r = stmt.executeQuery(theQuery);`
- `if (r.next())`
- `{ /* Static id found*/`
- `output(new FoundStaticId_OK(r.getString("nickname"),sig.find_id,sig.static_id),`
- `csm.to_contr,csm);`
- `}`
- `else`
- `{ /* Static id not found */`
- `output(new FoundStaticId_NOK(sig.find_id,sig.static_id),csm.to_contr,csm);`
- `}`
- `} catch (Exception e) {`
- `System.err.println("ICU'Archive: Error when Selecting staticid from gsmuser");`
- `output(`
- `new DataError("ICU'Archive: Error when Selecting staticid from gsmuser",`
- `sig.static_id), csm.to_contr, csm);`
- `}`

Double error messages: to the console and the calling service

# Catching the DataError message in Hotpos



## The robustification summarized

- Data may have strange syntax or values
  - We have looked at **data checks for ICUcontroller**
- An unexpected signal arrives
  - we explicitly describe every conceivable transition
  - **We will look at this again for "n+1" situation**
- No signal arrives
  - **we guard our protocols/services with timers**
- Security issues
  - authentication + logging + statistics
  - **Check for registration in ICUprocess'Hotpos**
- Availability issues
  - liveness tests (**Archive**)

# What more robustification could we have done?

- *KML* and *yesno* are still without authentication
  - in practice we would need a "buddy" concept
- *PATS* is not checked
  - we could have covered sending Sms/PosRequest
  - probably best on lower level, but would cause some problems
- We have not tested every peculiar (but imagined) situation
  - because it is difficult/tedious to do
  - will require a very precise testing environment
- Probably should have had one more iteration of cleaning up the diagrams
  - aesthetics is important for understanding