

i Formal requirements

ANT1100 - World of Antiquity

Autumn 2020

School exam (4 hours)

Inspira will automatically save your answer every 15 seconds. Your answers will be automatically submitted in Inspira when the examination time is up. After starting the exam, you will see your remaining time in the upper left corner.

You can change language in Inspira by clicking on the icon in the right corner.

If you want to withdraw from the examination, please click on the icon in the right corner, and then choose "withdraw".

Practical information about the examination

The test consists of two parts. Please read the instructions carefully.

You may write your essay in Norwegian, Swedish, Danish or English.

Sources and referencing

It is important that you get familiar with the rules for sources and referencing:

<https://www.hf.uio.no/english/studies/sources-referencing/index.html>

It is not mandatory to include a bibliography (reference list) if it is a short take-home examination (2-6 hours).

Using other people's material without declaring it properly may be considered as cheating or attempted cheating. The consequences of cheating or attempted cheating may be severe for you as a student, please follow the link for more information: <https://www.uio.no/english/studies/examinations/sources-citations/>

Contact information

If you are experiencing technical difficulties during your examination or have further questions, please send an e-mail to eirik.finne@ifikk.uio.no or call 22 84 10 70.

If you have questions regarding the subject or the examination questions, please send an e-mail via: eirik.finne@ifikk.uio.no

Good luck!

i General instructions

The test consists of 51 multiple choice questions (Part 1) and one essay question (Part 2).

Do not worry too much about the time! If you spend ca. 90 seconds per multiple choice question (30-60 seconds is more common), you will need only 75 out of the available 240 minutes to complete part 1 of the test. This leaves you more than sufficient time to complete part 2.

Good luck!

i Part 1. Multiple choice questions - instructions

Read the questions carefully. Unless indicated otherwise, there is only one correct answer.

1 Question 1-5

1. What is the name of Egyptian script? [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- Phoenician script
- Cuneiform script
- Alphabetical script
- Hieroglyphic script

2. Who was Gilgamesh? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Babylonian king who built the Hanging Gardens, also known as “Gilgamesh’s Gardens”
- Babylonian king who issued the law code known as the “Code of Gilgamesh”, one of the eldest deciphered texts from antiquity
- Pharaoh who tried to transform Egyptian polytheism into a one-god religion, centred on his own person
- King of Uruk and the main figure of an epic poem written in Akkadian, the so-called “Gilgamesh Epos”

3. True or false? “The Myceneans took over the Phoenician alphabet.” [1 point]

Select one alternative

- False: The Myceneans had their own script, called Linear A.
- True.
- False: The Myceneans had their own script, called Linear B.

4. Where was the main centre of Minoan civilization located? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Crete
- Mycenae
- Corinth
- Chios

5. What is anthropomorphism? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- A type of Hellenistic polytheism
- The attribution of human characteristics to a god
- A form of aristocratic government
- Another word for a redistribution economy

Maximum marks: 5

6. Which cities were Greek colonies? There are two correct answers. [1 point per correct answer, max. 2 points]

Select one or more alternatives:

- Rome
- Carthage
- Naples
- Marseilles
- Byblos

7. Where was the main cult of Zeus located? [1 point]

Select one or more alternatives

- Olympia
- Athens
- Sounion
- Delphi

8. What was the Apella? [1 point]

Select one or more alternatives

- The Spartan popular assembly
- The Athenian council of elders
- The Spartan council of elders
- The Athenian popular assembly

9. Who was NOT a member of the Delian League? [1 point]

Select one or more alternatives

- Sparta
- Naxos
- Byzantion
- Athens

10. Which measures were part of Cleisthenes' reforms of Athens? There are two correct answers. [1 point per correct answer, max. 2 points]

Select one or more alternatives

- The introduction of the people's (jury) court
- Redistribution of the land
- The introduction of ten generals
- Classification of citizens in four wealth classes
- Division of Athenian territory in ten districts
- The abolishment of debt bondage

Maximum marks: 7

3 Question 11-15

11. What are perioikoi? [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- Slaves of citizens in Sparta
- Citizens with full political rights in Athens
- Inhabitants of semi-autonomous cities around Sparta
- Resident foreigners in Athens

12. What is Orphism? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- An annual cultic festival in honor of Orpheus
- A mystery religion in ancient Greece
- Procedure in the Athenian assembly by which any citizen could be sent in exile
- A form of government based on property criteria

13. Where was the final land battle in the Greco-Persian Wars? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Thermopylae
- Chaeronea
- Plataea
- Marathon

14. During which war was the Sicilian Expedition (415-413)? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Peloponnesian War
- Persian War
- Caesar's Civil War
- Punic War

15. In the years after the Peloponnesian Wars no Greek state was powerful enough to unite the whole of Greece under its leadership. Which cities were the main competitors? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Argos, Athens, Sparta
- Athens, Sparta, Thebes
- Sparta, Thebes, Corinth
- Athens, Sparta, Corinth

Maximum marks: 5

4 Question 16-20

16. When was the League of Corinth established? [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- 377 BC
- 477 BC
- 322 BC
- 338 BC

17. Who brought Greece in an over-arching political structure for the first time? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Pompey the Great
- Alexander the Great
- Antigonus II Gonatas
- Philip II of Macedon

18. Who made the colossal statue of Pallas Athena in Athens? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Phidias
- Lysippus
- Herodotus
- Pericles

19. Who convinced the Athenians to use revenues from the silver mines to build a large fleet? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Pericles
- Cleisthenes
- Themistocles
- Solon

20. What is the name of Athens' main temple? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Piraeus
- Acropolis
- Temple of Athena Nike
- Partheon

Maximum marks: 5

5 Question 21-26

21. Who were the ephors? [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- Teachers of rhetoric in Athens
- High-priests assisting the oracle in Delphi
- Spartan magistrates responsible for the day-to-day administration
- Athenian citizens who could afford a yoke of oxen

22. Who argued in favour of Macedonian hegemony in the 4th century BC? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Demosthenes
- Alcibiades
- Isocrates
- Aristotle

23. Who was a ruler of the Ptolemaic kingdom? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Antiochus III the Great
- Antigonus Gonatas
- Cleopatra VII
- Mithridates of Pontus

24. Who is NOT a Greek philosopher? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Anaxagoras
- Heraclitus
- Aristotle
- Aeschylus

25. Who is generally recognized as the founder of the Roman Republic? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Gaius Julius Caesar
- Lucius Junius Brutus
- Tiberius Gracchus
- Marcus Tullius Cicero

Maximum marks: 5

6 Question 26-30

26. In the Roman republic, who took over the religious duties of the king? [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- The pontifex maximus
- The consuls
- The quaestors
- The censors

27. Which political assembly in republican Rome was based on kinship? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Concilium Plebis
- Comitia Tributa
- Comitia Centuriata
- Comitia Curiata

28. Which title does not represent a Roman magistracy? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Archon
- Quaestor
- Tribune
- Aedile

29. Which was Rome's first province (241 BC)? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Gallia Narbonensis
- Sicily
- Africa
- Macedonia

30. When was the First Punic War? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- 218-201 BC
- 221-179 BC
- 264-241 BC
- 492-449 BC

Maximum marks: 5

7

Question 31-35

31. Who was Spartacus? [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- A tribune of the plebs
- A writer of Latin epic poetry
- One of the murderers of Caesar
- A leader of a major slave revolt

32. Who formed the Second Triumvirate? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Marcus Tullius Cicero, Lucius Servius Catilina, and Gaius Julius Caesar
- Gaius Julius Caesar, Pompey the Great, and Marcus Licinius Crassus
- Tarquinius Priscus, Servius Tullius, and Tarquinius Superbus
- Octavian (Augustus), Mark Antony, and Marcus Aemilius Lepidus

33. Who transferred the responsibility of electing magistrates from the popular assemblies to the Senate? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Pompey
- Augustus
- Tiberius
- Caesar

34. Who was not a member of the Julio-Claudian dynasty, established by Augustus? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Tiberius
- Marcus Aurelius
- Caligula
- Nero

35. Who were the “soldier emperors”? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- A series of emperors in the 3rd century who did not belong to one dynasty.
- Another name for the Flavian dynasty on account of the many wars it fought.
- The self-declared German warrior emperors of the 5th century.
- Another name for the emperors who persecuted the Christians.

Maximum marks: 5

8

Question 36-40

36. Who introduced the Roman tetrarchy? [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- Constantine the Great
- Decius
- Diocletian
- Antoninus Pius

37. Who was not a Roman poet? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Livius Andronicus
- Naevius
- Cato the Elder
- Ovid

38. What happened in 312 AD? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Battle at Zama: P. Cornelius Scipio defeated the Carthaginian army
- Battle at Gaugamela: Alexander the Great defeated the Persian army (again)
- Battle at Actium: Octavian defeated Marc Antony and Cleopatra
- Battle at the Milvian Bridge near Rome: Constantine the Great defeated Maxentius

39. Who banned all pagan cults from the Roman empire? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Nero
- Theodosius the Great
- Heraclius
- Constantine the Great

40. When did the Eastern Roman Empire end? [1 point]

Select one alternative

- 476
- 610
- 395
- 1453

Maximum marks: 5

Question 41-45

41. Select the word that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- Mark Antony
- Marcus Aemilius Lepidus
- Tiberius Gracchus
- Octavian

42. Select the word that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Tiberius
- Trajan
- Caligula
- Juvenal

43. Select the word that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Hercules
- Minerva
- Juno
- Jupiter

44. Select the word that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Plato
- Arrian
- Homer
- Aeschylus

45. Select the word that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Macedonia
- Gallia Cisalpina
- Babylon
- Sicilia

10 **Question 46-50**

46. Select the word that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative:

- Areiopagos
- Curia
- Ekklesia
- Boule

47. Select the name that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Rome
- Sparta
- Alexandria
- Naples

48. Select the name that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Pompey the Great
- Numa Pompilius
- Lucius Cornelius Sulla
- Scipio Africanus

49. Select the name that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Remus
- Romulus
- Numa Pompilius
- Tullus Hostilius

50. Select the name that does not belong in the list: [1 point]

Select one alternative

- Alexander the Great
- Phillip II of Macedon
- Aristotle
- Herodotus

11 Question 51

51. Put the following names in the correct chronological order: [3 points]

Drag and drop the name to its corresponding place, from oldest (1) to newest (9)

Pericles	Alexander the Great	
Hadrian		
	Scipio Africanus	
Homer		
	Cleisthenes	
Livy (Titus Livius)		
	Gaius Julius Caesar	
Philip II of Macedon		

Maximum marks: 3

i Part 2. Essay - instructions

Answer **ONE** of the following five questions. Please keep in mind the following:













- Answers are expected to consist of min. 600 words.
- Answers are expected to be well-written, concise, and to-the-point.
- You can answer the question in English, Norwegian, Danish, or Swedish.
- Clearly indicate which question you selected.
- Only one question should be answered!

12 Essay assignments

Answer **ONE** of the following five questions in the textbox below.

1. Explain the concept of a Greek polis. In your answer, you are expected to compare the constitutions of Sparta and Athens in the fifth century BC.
2. Explain what is meant by the term “Hellenization”. In your answer, you are expected to elaborate on the impact the conquests of Alexander the Great had on the Near East.
3. Explain how the struggle of the orders and the expansion of the Roman empire dominated the history of the Roman republic up to the third century. In your answer, you are expected to show awareness of your understanding of the following terms: “Latin League”, patricians, Lex Hortensia.
4. Explain the following statement: “Augustus clothed his control in a combination of constitutional powers derived from traditional offices, which entitled him to legally exercise direct authority in all areas of government” (Lukas de Blois and R. J. van der Spek, An Introduction to the Ancient World, p. 276). In your answer, you are expected to name and discuss the offices Augustus inherited from the republic and to explain how he transformed them.
5. Explain some of the main differences between the eastern and western halves of the Roman empire after Constantine the Great (ruled 306-337). In your answer, you are expected to pay attention to both political and cultural features of both parts of the empire.

Fill in your answer here

Format | **B** | *I* | U | x_2 | x^2 | I_x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 

Words: 0

Maximum marks: 0