## IN3130 Problem set Coping with NP-completeness II

Problems 40, 41 and 43 in the Compendium

Discuss the following questions:

- 1. We organize problems into complexity classes to understand what solution strategies are suitable. What solution strategies are appropriate for NP-complete problems?
- 2. What is a polynomial-time approximation algorithm? Do all NP-complete problems have polynomial-time approximation algorithms?
- 3. Why do we talk about random graphs when discussing the average-case complexity?
- 4. What are 0-1 laws? Why are they relevant for us?
- 5. Outline the three-phase algorithm for Hamiltonicity that was discussed in class. In what way does this algorithm suggest us how to solve problems 'well on average' in general?
- 6. Can we we create polynomial-time randomized algorithms for problems that are not in NP (i.e. do not have a 'short certificate of membership')?
- 7. What is simulated annealing? In what application is it used?
- 8. Can we solve NP-complete problems efficiently by using a parallel computer?
- 9. What sort of problems can be solved radically more efficiently when we use a parallel machine instead of a sequential one?
- 10. What sort of problems are in the class NC?