## Appendix 2

## Machine learning task – briefly describe the process and outcome.

In this second appendix the assignment given was to change a code specified from the lecture, to understand, research and compare the different outcome received. The purpose was to give us a deeper understanding of what is happening internally in chatbots with Artificial Intelligence.

This machine-learning task was challenging for the group since we had no Python experience, and just a little coding knowledge. First we tried the 'colab.research.google.com', but after logging into the Google account, we did not get permission to use this. Then we tried to download Python.org and Phymer and were able to run the script 'MovieChatbot.py'. The only dilemma here was the default code when trying to run the movie\_lines.txt. After corresponding with Claudia we were able to log in to Google account and test the given code in the 'Colab' program.

First we started out just experiencing chatting with the chatbot, type random questions and receiving random weird movie answers out of context. After a few questions the boot crashed and we had to import the text file again to start it up. From the lecture we received useful information on what in the code to change, so we began with changing the algorithms and using different combinations of variables.

In this screenshot the use of 2 epochs the loss goes down and accuracy goes up.

## Change the layers, more, fewer, dropouts

Epochs = 2, we did try and change this to 20 "In other words, if we feed a neural network the training data for more than one epoch in different patterns, we hope for a better generalization when given a new "unseen" input (test data)"(deepai.org). Increasing the amount of layers will lead to higher accuracy in the chatbot. When we increase the epochs to 20 the variables change, the loss goes a little down but the accuracy stays about the same.

30 classes
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:62: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a instrume or in
[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,
Epoch 1/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 2/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 3/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 4/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 5/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 6/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 7/20
29/29 [] - 0s 7ms/step - loss: 2.6371 - accuracy: 0.1722 - val loss: 5.7367 - val accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 8/20
2/29 [====================================
Epoch 9/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 10/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 11/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 12/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 13/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 14/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 15/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 16/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 17/20
29/29 [===================] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 2.6290 - accuracy: 0.1722 - val loss: 6.6335 - val accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 18/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 19/20
29/29 [====================================
Epoch 20/20
29/29 [========================] - 0s 7ms/step - loss: 2.6284 - accuracy: 0.1722 - val loss: 6.7627 - val accuracy: 0.0000e+00
Finished training
ready
WARNING:tensorflow:5 out of the last 7 calls to <function model.make="" predict_function.<locals="">.predict_function at 0x7f27df0dba70&gt; triggered tf.function retracing. Tracing</function>
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:91: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of li
Chatbot:No, I won't go with you

model.add(Dense(512, input\_shape=(max\_words,))) – The numbers of layers you define for the model, means 512 neurons. We changed this to 900, but then our system crashed so we were not able to understand this quite.

batch\_size = 32 samples will be used to estimate mistake grade.



## Conclusion

We see the main problem with the complicated code and size of the text file being so big that our system crashed several times. Thus, if we had a little more time we would be able to run more combinations for different variables and probably understand the outcome better.

Reference

Deepai.com. URL: <u>https://deepai.org/machine-learning-glossary-and-terms/epoch</u> accessed october 21, 2021.