

# UNIVERSITY OF OSLO

## Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences

Examination in MAT-INF3600 — Mathematical logic.

Day of examination: Wednesday, December 2, 2015.

Examination hours: 9:00–13:00.

This problem set consists of 3 pages.

Appendices: None.

Permitted aids: None.

Please make sure that your copy of the problem set is complete before you attempt to answer anything.

### Part I

Let  $R$  be a unary relation symbol, and let  $a$  and  $b$  be constant symbols. Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be the language  $\{a, b, R\}$ . Let  $\Sigma_1$  and  $\Sigma_2$  be the sets of  $\mathcal{L}$ -formulas given by

$$\Sigma_1 = \{ Ra, Rb, \forall xy[(Rx \wedge Ry) \rightarrow x = y] \}.$$

and

$$\Sigma_2 = \{ \neg a = b, \forall xy[(Rx \wedge Ry) \rightarrow x = y] \}.$$

### Problem 1

Give a  $\Sigma_1$ -deduction of  $a = b$ . Give a full deduction. Name all the logical axioms and inference rules involved in the deduction.

### Problem 2

Give an  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure  $\mathfrak{A}$  such that  $\mathfrak{A} \models \Sigma_1$  and, moreover, the universe of  $\mathfrak{A}$  contains exactly three elements.

### Problem 3

Give a  $\Sigma_2$ -deduction of  $(\neg Ra) \vee (\neg Rb)$ . Give a full deduction. Name all the logical axioms and inference rules involved in the deduction.

### Problem 4

Give an  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure  $\mathfrak{B}$  such that  $\mathfrak{B} \models \Sigma_2$  and, moreover, the universe of  $\mathfrak{B}$  contains exactly three elements.

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**Problem 5**

Is the set  $\Sigma_1 \cup \Sigma_2$  consistent? Justify your answer.

**Problem 6**

Does the set  $\Sigma_1 \cup \Sigma_2$  have a model? Justify your answer.

**Part II**

Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be any language, and let  $\phi$  be an  $\mathcal{L}$ -formula with at least one free occurrence of the variable  $x$ . Let

$$(\exists^1 x)\phi \quad :\equiv \quad (\exists u)\phi_u^x \wedge (\forall y)(\forall z)[(\phi_y^x \wedge \phi_z^x) \rightarrow y = z].$$

(So  $(\exists^1 x)\phi$  is shorthand for the formula at the right hand side of  $:\equiv$ .)

Let  $A$  denote the universe of the  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure  $\mathfrak{A}$ , let  $s : Vars \rightarrow A$  be an assignment, and let

$$A_{\phi,s} = \{ a \mid a \in A \text{ and } \mathfrak{A} \models \phi[s[x|a]] \}$$

Now, we have

$$\mathfrak{A} \models (\exists^1 x)\phi[s] \text{ if and only if the set } A_{\phi,s} \text{ contains exactly one element.}$$

(We may state this informally:  $(\exists^1 x)\phi(x)$  holds if and only if there is exactly one  $x$  such that  $\phi(x)$  holds.)

**Problem 7**

Give an  $\mathcal{L}$ -formula  $(\exists^2 x)\phi$  such that

$$\mathfrak{A} \models (\exists^2 x)\phi[s] \text{ if and only if the set } A_{\phi,s} \text{ contains exactly two elements.}$$

Let  $P$  and  $S$  be unary function symbols, and let  $0$  be a constant symbol. Let  $\mathcal{L}_P$  be the language  $\{0, P, S\}$ . Let  $T$  be the  $\mathcal{L}_P$ -theory where we have the following non-logical axioms:

$$(T_1) \quad P(0) = 0$$

$$(T_2) \quad (\exists^2 y)Py = 0$$

$$(T_3) \quad (\forall x)[x \neq 0 \rightarrow (\exists^1 y)Py = x]$$

$$(T_4) \quad (\forall x)PSx = x$$

$$(T_5) \quad (\forall x)Sx \neq x.$$

**Problem 8**

Give a model for  $T$ , that is, give an  $\mathcal{L}_P$ -structure  $\mathfrak{A}$  such that  $\mathfrak{A} \models T$ .

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**Problem 9**

We have  $T \vdash SP0 \neq PS0$ . Sketch a  $T$ -deduction  $SP0 \neq PS0$ . Name all the non-logical axioms involved in the deduction.

**Problem 10**

Prove that the axiom (T5) is independent of the other axioms of  $T$ , that is, prove that

$$\{T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4\} \not\vdash T_5 \quad \text{and} \quad \{T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4\} \not\vdash \neg T_5 .$$

**Problem 11**

Prove that the axiom (T1) is independent of the other axioms of  $T$ , that is, prove that

$$\{T_2, T_3, T_4, T_5\} \not\vdash T_1 \quad \text{and} \quad \{T_2, T_3, T_4, T_5\} \not\vdash \neg T_1 .$$

**Problem 12**

Prove that any model for  $T$  is infinite.

**Conjecture 1.** Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be any language. For any  $\mathcal{L}$ -formula  $\phi$  with at least one free occurrence of the variable  $x$ , there exists an  $\mathcal{L}$ -formula  $(\exists^\infty x)\phi$  such that

$$\mathfrak{A} \models (\exists^\infty x)\phi[s] \text{ if and only if the set } A_{\phi,s} \text{ is infinite.}$$

**Problem 13**

Prove that Conjecture 1 is wrong.

END