## Manifolds, V2018

Problem sheet 7, to be discussed on Monday the 12th March 2018.

**Problem 1.** Let X be a smooth vector field on a manifold M. For every  $p \in M$  let

$$\phi_p:(a_p,b_p)\to M$$

be the maximal integral curve of X starting at p (i.e.  $\phi_p(0) = p$ ). Here,

$$-\infty \le a_p < 0 < b_p \le \infty,$$

and "maximal" means that if J is any open interval containing 0 and if  $\alpha : J \to M$  is an integral curve of X starting at p then  $J \subset (a_p, b_p)$  and  $\alpha = \phi_p|_J$ . Let  $\mathcal{D} \subset \mathbb{R} \times M$  be the subset given by

$$\mathcal{D} := \bigcup_{p \in M} (a_p, b_p) \times \{p\}.$$

The map

$$\phi: \mathcal{D} \to M, \quad (t,p) \mapsto \phi_p(t)$$

is called the (maximal) flow of X. Prove the following.

- (i)  $\phi(s, \phi(t, p)) = \phi(s + t, p)$  whenever both sides are defined.
- (ii)  $\mathcal{D}$  is open in  $\mathbb{R} \times M$  and  $\phi$  is smooth.

*Hint:* For each  $p \in M$  let  $I_p$  be the set of all  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  such that there exist an open interval J containing 0 and t and a neighbourhood U of p such that  $J \times U \subset \mathcal{D}$  and  $\phi|_{J \times U}$  is smooth. Use the uniqueness of integral curves and the existence of local flows to show that  $I_p = a_p$  and  $\sup I_p = b_p$ .

## Problem 2. Let

$$F: (0,\infty) \times \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^2, \quad (r,\theta) \mapsto (r\cos\theta, r\sin\theta).$$

Because F is a local diffeomorphism, every vector field Z on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is F-related to a unique vector field  $F^*Z$  on  $(0,\infty) \times \mathbb{R}$ . Compute  $F^*Z$  when

$$Z = (x^2 + y^2)\frac{\partial}{\partial x}.$$

Give the answer in the form

$$F^*Z = u(r,\theta)\frac{\partial}{\partial r} + v(r,\theta)\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}$$

where u and v are real-valued functions on  $(0, \infty) \times \mathbb{R}$ .