

MANDATORY ASSIGNMENT FOR MAT4540 FALL 2016

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Return to John Rognes by Friday October 28th. Each of the nine questions carry equal weight. A score over 50% is sufficient to pass. A near-pass may qualify for a second attempt. You may cooperate with other students, but your answers should reflect your own understanding.

PROBLEM 1

Consider an analog clock with an hour hand and a minute hand, pointing at points h and m on the perimeter, which we identify with the circle S^1 . The pair of hands thus specifies a point $(h, m) \in S^1 \times S^1 = T^2$.

Let $a \in H_1(T^2)$ be the homology class of the cycle representing a closed loop by the hour hand, in the clockwise direction, keeping the minute hand fixed. Similarly, let $b \in H_1(T^2)$ be the class representing a closed loop by the minute hand, keeping the hour hand fixed. Let α and $\beta \in H^1(T^2)$ be dual to a and b . Take as known that $H^*(T^2) = \Lambda_{\mathbb{Z}}(\alpha, \beta)$, with $\alpha \cup \beta = \gamma$ generating $H^2(T^2)$.

(a) Let $\Delta \subset T^2$ be the closed loop described by letting the hour and minute hands move once around the clock face, always overlapping. Let $E \subset T^2$ be the closed loop described by regular motion of the hour and minute hands, showing time from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. Express the homology classes $[\Delta]$ and $[E]$ of these cycles as linear combinations of a and b .

(b) Poincaré duality for T^2 gives an isomorphism $D: H^1(T^2) \rightarrow H_1(T^2)$, mapping α and β to $D(\alpha) = b$ and $D(\beta) = -a$, respectively. Find the cohomology classes δ and $\epsilon \in H^1(T^2)$ that are Poincaré dual to $[\Delta]$ and $[E]$, respectively, and calculate the cup product $\delta \cup \epsilon$.

(c) Poincaré duality also gives an isomorphism $D: H^2(T^2) \rightarrow H_0(T^2)$, mapping γ to the homology class of a point. Calculate the Poincaré dual of $\delta \cup \epsilon$. This class in $H_0(T^2)$ is known to be the class of the intersection $\Delta \cap E$, interpreted as a 0-chain in T^2 . What does your answer for $D(\delta \cup \epsilon)$ say about the motion of the clock hands in the time from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m.?

PROBLEM 2

Let $T^2 = S^1 \times S^1 \cong \mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}^2$ be the torus surface. Take as known that $H^*(T^2) = \Lambda_{\mathbb{Z}}(\alpha, \beta)$, as in Problem 1.

(a) Show that it is impossible to cover T^2 with only two coordinate charts U_1 and U_2 . Here we assume that the U_i are open subsets of T^2 , each homeomorphic to \mathbb{R}^2 , with $U_1 \cup U_2 = T^2$.

(b) Find three coordinate charts U_1 , U_2 and U_3 that cover T^2 . Hint: Let U_1 be the homeomorphic image of $(0, 1)^2 \subset \mathbb{R}^2$, and give similar descriptions of U_2 and U_3 .

(c) Let M_g be a closed, connected, orientable surface of genus $g \geq 2$. What is the minimal number of coordinate charts needed to cover M_g ?

PROBLEM 3

For abelian groups A and B let $\text{Ext}(A, B) = \text{Ext}_{\mathbb{Z}}^1(A, B)$.

(a) If A is free, show that $\text{Ext}(A, B) = 0$ for any B .

(b) If A is finitely generated, and $\text{Ext}(A, \mathbb{Z}) = 0$, show that A is free.

(c) For a general abelian group A , show that if $\text{Ext}(A, B) = 0$ for each B then A is free. Hint: Consider a free resolution of A , and use this to choose a suitable B .